

THE JERUSALEM POST

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New Soviet
missile
page 5
★
Pompidou-
China
page 10

Price: 65 Ag.

Waldheim against direct talks

UNITED NATIONS (Reuter). — "The reality of world politics is that many major problems are not solvable by bilateral negotiations or through a general improvement of relationships between the major powers," he said. "The Middle East, the Cyprus situation, the burning problems of Southern Africa and the continuing conflicts in South-East Asia are all examples of this."

Yesterday, U.N. Middle East envoy Gunnar Jarring returned to attend the opening phases of the General Assembly.

General bus strike starts this morning

By YITZHAK OKED, Jerusalem Post Reporter
TEL AVIV. — The Egged and Dan bus cooperatives last night announced a nation-wide general strike for an indefinite period to begin this morning.

However, the Ministry of Transport would attempt all night long to meet with cooperative leaders to avert the strike, a Ministry official told *The Jerusalem Post*.

Ben-Aharon said sure to resign

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter
TEL AVIV. — The chances for a compromise agreement which will keep Eliezer Ben-Aharon in the cabinet as Secretary-General of the Histadrut are now considered very slim.

Mr. Ben-Aharon is understood to have taken Mrs. Meir's speech at a Labour Party meeting on Monday night as an outright rejection of his demand that the party nominate him immediately for another term as Secretary-General.

Mrs. Meir attacked Mr. Ben-Aharon for accusing the Labour Party of not giving him enough support in the election campaign.

Yesterday morning Mr. Ben-Aharon spent several hours at his office in the Histadrut headquarters, reportedly sorting out his papers in preparation for resignation.

The degree of support for Mr. Ben-Aharon which his own Abduh Ha'avoda faction in the Labour Party and Mapam bring to bear may determine whether he resigns immediately or decides to wait and see if their pressure on the Mapai faction will result in a compromise acceptable to him.

Skylab camera scans Israel

HOUSTON (UPI). — The Skylab 2 astronauts yesterday photographed the Swiss Alps searching for clues to snow avalanches and moved over Israel collecting data on geology, water resources and crops.

Alan Bean, Owen Garriott and Jack Lousma, nearing the end of their 59-day flight, conducted a 12-minute photographic pass from the Bay of Biscay, through Switzerland, Italy, Israel and ending over Saudi Arabia.

Senegal-Guinea ties

DAKAR (UPI). — A Government spokesman said here yesterday that Senegal has broken off diplomatic relations with Guinea to protest charges it was plotting the overthrow of Guinean President Ahmed Sekou Toure.

The break followed several weeks of accusations by Toure that Senegalese President Leopold Senghor and Ivory Coast President Felix Houphouet-Boigny have been financing mercenary activities directed against Guinea with the help of France, West Germany, Portugal and Israel.

Algeria bars workers from French jobs

ALGERIA (UPI). — The Government announced today it was cutting off the flow of Algerian workers to France until the French Government could insure better working conditions and a more favourable social climate for the emigrants.

The decision, which follows a period of racial tension between Algerian workers and French citizens in France, was announced by the Revolutionary Council. It is effective immediately, the Council said.

British Jews tell Heath of concern over policy on Israel

LONDON. — Prime Minister Edward Heath yesterday received a delegation from the Board of Deputies of British Jews who expressed the concern of the Anglo-Jewish community over recent trends in British policy on the Middle East.

They told the Prime Minister that the community was worried by the statements and voting pattern of the British delegation at the United Nations.

Mr. Heath assured them that Britain adhered to Resolution 242 as offering the best chances of a settlement in the region, and that British policy towards Israel remained unchanged from that outlined by Foreign Secretary Alec Douglas-Home in his Harrogate speech.

PAPER FOUND: TELLS ALLENDE'S FINAL MINUTES

By ARI RATH
Jerusalem Post Correspondent
TIAGO. — A week after he learned of the death of Salvador Allende, a Chilean socialist leader, I came across a unique handwritten document, part of which possibly written by Allende himself and part by one of his close friends — recording the late president's last words to his friends and family, who were together with him on the night of his death.

Written on the stationery of the "Presidencia de la Republica" on its upper left corner, it confirms earlier reports by his daughter Beatrice and by a doctor who was attached to the Moneda presidential palace that the time recorded as "10.00 p.m." it was at exactly 10 that Chilean Army tanks opened on the Moneda. Headed "Dr. Allende in the Tuscan Room," where body was found later on, it is a verbatim translation from Spanish:

"The women and the men who have no way of defending themselves should leave. I order the *comandantes* (commanders) to leave me Moneda. I want them to save. I will not surrender, but don't want you to be a sterile

sacrifice. They have the power. "Revolutions are not made by spiritual cowards; that's why I am staying. Everyone else should leave. I am not going to resign. I thank everyone for their support. The men who want to help me fight can stay. I have with me here two daughters who have no reason to stay here. They must leave."

The other side of the page, written by a different hand, contains Allende's last words to his two daughters, Beatrice and Maria Christina, and to Rene, the latter's husband. The time is given as 11.15, just 15 minutes after expiry of the junta's first ultimatum to Allende and his aides to surrender. By that time, about three dozen officials and unarmed *Carabineros* of the Presidential guard were just leaving through the front gate of the Moneda, waving white handkerchiefs.

Headed "Allende in the basement — to his daughters," it reads:

"Leave. You have children to protect, you have a mother. I will resist until the end. ... They will take us as hostages. ... Better yet, if they kill them, they will be forever marked as traitors and killers of women. I have the word of a military man (Baeza) that they are

(Continued on page 2, col. 6)



Prime Minister Golda Meir, flanked by the Chief of Staff, Ezer Weizman and Mayor Kollek, waves at supporters as they conclude the Three Day March in Jerusalem. (Story page 2).

KNESSET WON'T DEBATE JACKSON AMENDMENT

By ASHER WALLFISH
Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter
Foreign Minister Abba Eban yesterday advised the Knesset not to take sides in the disagreement between the U.S. Administration and the U.S. Congress over the Jackson Amendment on making most favored nation status for the Soviet Union conditional on revoking curbs against Jewish migration.

Accordingly, the Coalition mustered 30 votes, against 21 from the Likud, to defeat a proposal for a plenum debate on the plight of Soviet Jewry and the Jackson Amendment. Three Members from the Aguda front abstained.

(Likud's three wings: Gahal, the Free Centre and the State List, had secured a session during the current

Knesset recess by submitting the statutory 30 signatures to the Knesset Speaker).

The Coalition voted the issue to the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee — a proposal on which the Likud abstained.

Mr. Eban said there was no contradiction between what the U.S. Administration was doing on behalf of Soviet Jewry and what Congress or public opinion were doing. Israel must not pit one channel of action against the other or identify with either, he said. This was neither realistic nor wise.

He hinted that Senator Henry Jackson had told him (as well as Washington Ambassador Simha Dinitz), that U.S. Congressmen did not take kindly to declarations by for-

signers aimed at influencing the course of debate and legislation on Capitol Hill.

(During the session, attendance was in marked contrast to the poor showing around the horseshoe Capitol table. Only Mr. Eban and Justice Minister Y. Shapira were sitting there).

In 1970, 999 Soviet Jews came to Israel. In 1971, 12,840. In 1972, 31,650. About the same numbers would come in 1973, Mr. Eban pointed out.

He said that the problem of saving Soviet Jewry became a central issue in relations between Washington and Moscow some three years ago — thus giving substance to the prospects of the *olighe* from there.

Subsequently, all over the world, public attention had been aroused, in American society especially. The Foreign Minister said that the three Opposition speakers in the debate failed to give adequate weight — or perhaps none at all — to what had been attained on the inter-governmental plane.

He said that the rate of Soviet immigration thus far was an opening for what would surely follow. The Government, the Knesset, and world Jewry had bolstered the desire of Soviet Jewry to speak up. Jewish emigration was continuing steadily, but many applicants were still being prevented from leaving, especially in the bigger Jewish centres, in cities like Moscow, Leningrad and Minsk. He said that the

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 2)

Hussein frees more than 700 terrorists

BEIRUT. — Jordan yesterday released the bulk of its political prisoners — mostly Palestinian terrorists — under a sweeping amnesty which has been generally welcomed in the Arab world.

Despite a cool reception from the Palestine terrorist movement itself — which on Tuesday night declared it would not be deceived by King Hussein's gesture — the amnesty has been seen by Arab commentators as an important step in a new campaign to rebuild Arab unity.

The king himself personally supervised the release of the first prisoners on Tuesday night, including Mohammed Daoud Odeh ("Abu Daoud"), the controversial Fatah leader.

The remainder of the detainees — 784 in all according to official Jordanian sources — were being freed yesterday from the seven scattered prisons where they have been held.

Most of them have been in detention since the Jordanian Army closed down the terrorist bases in heavy fighting during 1970 and 1971. Crowds of relatives milled around and danced outside Mahatta central prison in Amman to see the first of them freed on Tuesday night.

Among those released with Daoud were Hamdi Mattar of the Marxist Popular Front for the Liberation of Palestine and Saleh Rasaf of the Popular Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine, an offshoot of the PFLP.

Government sources said the freed men would not be allowed to carry

weapons or take part in political activity.

In addition to the prison inmates, another 2,500 sentenced in absentia or otherwise on Jordanian wanted lists would be pardoned. The sources said there was no formal ban on these exiles returning to Jordan.

One Jordanian political source said Dr. George Habash and Nayef Hawashneh, heads of the PFLP and Fatah, will be removed from the Jordanian black list. Both men carry Jordanian passports. They were at top of the Jordanian list of wanted men first after the 1970 clashes, and again after the 1971 fighting. The government had offered a reward for their capture.

The leader of the token 400-strong Palestine Liberation Army contingent stationed in Jordan yesterday cabled his thanks to King Hussein. Replying to a cable from Col. Nihad Ali Nuseibeh, King

(Continued on Page 4, Col. 5)

Sadat meets two Fatah leaders

Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter
Egyptian President Anwar Sadat yesterday conferred with two top Fatah leaders in Cairo amid signs of tension between the Palestinian terrorist movement and both Egypt and Syria which recently normalized their relations with Jordan.

Sadat's meeting with the Fatah No. 2, Salah Khalaf, and Farouk Kaddoumi was reported by the Cairo-based terrorist radio which dropped its daily attacks on Jordan last night for the first time in three years.

ERORISTS AT LARGE — Some of the terrorists arrested by Hussein yesterday seen dancing in praise of the King on leaving Mahatta prison yesterday. (AP radiophoto)

Abu Daoud's parents leave for Amman

By ANAN SAFADI
Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter

Hussein's general amnesty widely welcomed on the West Bank. Several local families yesterday set out to Amman to meet their sons who were released from Jordanian jails. These included the family of Fatah leader Abu Daoud set out to Amman, on the orders of the Old City Jerusalem. Bank mayors and notables yesterday issued a series of statements and messages expressing gratitude to His Majesty King Hussein for the amnesty.

Some of which, published in the local Arabic press, stressed that Hussein's move consolidated "the national unity between the people on the West Bank and the East Bank of Jordan."

Meanwhile, a number of Arab families in the administered territories, including Gaza's former

mayor, Haj Rashad Shawa, are planning to leave for Amman to restate their faith and confidence in Hussein.

Hussein's gain of sympathy as a result of the amnesty, which came on top of his reconciliation with Egypt and Syria, has overshadowed the intensive activity of the anti-Husseinites in the administered territories.

These include the advocates of a Palestinian state independent of Jordan and the pro-terrorist groups which have been challenging Hussein's claim for the restoration of the West Bank.

The latter group last week distributed leaflets in the administered areas, urging the local population to resist "plans by the Amman rulers to renege the West Bank under their reactionary authority following a humiliating peace with Israel."

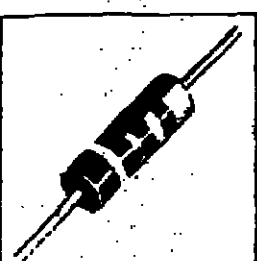
The leaflets were signed by the "West Bank and the Gaza Strip command" of the Popular Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine.

One Diplomatic Reporter adds: Jerusalem observers commented yesterday that the big unknown in the release of the terrorists was whether they would go back to normal civilian life, or resume terrorist activities in some form or another, in Jordan or elsewhere in the Arab world.

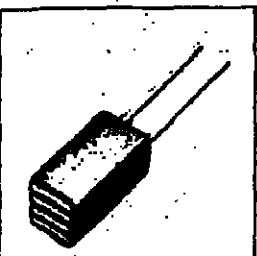
The observers said that although, at the present juncture there seemed little chance of Jordan agreeing to a revival of the eastern front against Israel, this eventually should never be ruled out entirely in the distant future if King Hussein let himself be swept along by more powerful currents.

If the King took his decision from a position of strength, the amnesty need have no security implications inside Jordan. The future was more unpredictable, the observers said, if the amnesty was a result of pressures exerted on Jordan at his recent summit in Cairo.

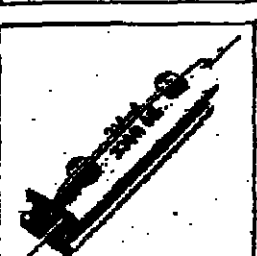
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Social and Personal

No weather report was available last night because of the continued partial strike by Government-employed engineers, including those working at the meteorological station.

President Ephraim Katzir yesterday received Israel's Ambassador to the U.S., Simha Dinitz. He also received Givatayim Mayor Kuba Kreisman, and Yisrael Kargman, M.K.

President and Mrs. Katzir then held a dinner at Beit Hanassi in honour of the participants in the European Science Writers Seminar in Rehovot.

U.S. Ambassador Kenneth Keating yesterday called on Housing Minister Zeev Sharef at his office in Jerusalem. He also visited the Hebrew University, where he called on University President Avraham Harman.

Messrs. A. Davids & Co. Ltd. of Tel Aviv entertained the newly appointed Economic Counsellor of the Netherlands Embassy, T.F. Thie, to lunch at the Shalom Tower Hotel on Friday, September 14. Mrs. G. Kulk of the Netherlands Consulate in Tel Aviv, and H. van Buuren of the Union Bank of Israel were also present.

ARRIVALS
Minister of Tourism Moshe Kol, from a three-day visit to the U.S. Civil Service Commissioner Ya'acov Nitzan from Toronto where he was guest of the Canadian Institute of Public Administration. (By El Al).

Katamon drama debuts despite disapproval

A drama group comprising 12 teen-aged boys from Jerusalem's Katamon Quarter are putting on their first play, "Yosef Goes Down to Katamon," at the Khan Theatre on Sunday.

The boys told the press at Beit Agnon yesterday that the play, which they wrote themselves, is a protest against living conditions in their quarter. They complained that the Municipal Youth Department withdrew its backing over a controversial scene in their play, which showed a homosexual assault on a young boy in a city jail.

Katamon parents initially supported the group but also withdrew their support after they saw the assault scene during an earlier performance at Beit Ha'am. They complained that the play was a disgrace to their quarter.

The boys, some of whom are working and some are still at school, are now trying to produce their play on their own. They eventually hope to establish a community theatre in Katamon.

Father vanishes, leaving family in hospital

REHOVOT. — A Georgian woman, whose husband deposited her at the Kaplan Hospital here last week — and the next day disappeared — was finally persuaded to return to her home in Afula yesterday with her newborn son and three other children.

Tamara Davraashvili was brought to the hospital last Thursday to give birth. Her husband, Yosef, came to visit her and his new son on Friday, bringing their three other children with him. He left the children at the hospital, and has not been seen since.

Meanwhile, Mrs. Davraashvili and her brood refused to return home, demanding housing in Ashdod. All efforts to persuade her failed, until yesterday, when she allowed herself and the four children to be driven home to Afula in a taxi provided by the hospital. (Him)

Doyen of West Bank police dead at 68

NABLUS. — The West Bank's longest serving policeman, Inspector Izzat 'Awad, died of a heart attack here on Tuesday. He was 68.

Inspector 'Awad spent 46 years serving in the Mandatory, Jordanian and — since the Six Day War — the Israeli police forces. He was buried in Nabulus on Tuesday. His funeral was attended by police officers, Hebron Mayor Haj Ma'azouz Al-Masri, and many local notables.

A BRIEFCASE containing thousands of francs and dollars left in a taxi travelling from Tel Aviv to Haifa was handed over to Haifa police on Tuesday by Haim Levi of 28 Rehov Pe'er. A Persian passport was found in the case.

The Hebrew University of Jerusalem
mourns the passing of
FELIX WALK
an Honorary Member of its Board of Governors
and expresses its condolences to the bereaved family.

THREE DAY MARCH STRIDES THROUGH JERUSALEM

By ABRAHAM BARNOVICH
Jerusalem Post Reporter

A smiling airline hostess in army boots, a dog-tired German shepherd and 13,000 other survivors of the Three Day March strode through the heart of Jerusalem yesterday in a joyful concluding parade witnessed by Premier Golda Meir.

It was a two-way affair, with 9,000 Gadhna youngsters marching along Jaffa Road towards the Old City and 4,500 army and civilian marchers moving past them towards Binyanei Ha'oma. The idea of the two-way parade was conceived two years ago by an officer on the General Staff as a way of reducing the time of the marchpast.

As it was, yesterday's event was cut short after an hour and a half by the march commander, Aifm Maimon Zvi Levonon, who ordered the last straggling units approaching from both directions to pull off into side streets so that police could open Jaffa Road.

He explained afterwards at a press conference that he had given the order because of the large gaps that had developed between marching units. There would have been seven or eight minutes of dead space before the two tails of the parade would reach the reviewing stand.

Only three units, comprising probably 100-200 persons in all, failed to complete the route.

PARADE TAPERS OFF
The parade tapered off in confusion with onlookers unsure whether or not it had ended. When they began to spill onto the roadway, policemen under the impression the parade was not yet over, tried to push them back. It was about 10 minutes before the word was officially passed down the street that the parade was over.

Mrs. Meir reviewed the parade from the balcony of the old Beit Ha'am building on Jaffa Road, which was probably the worst place she could have been sighted. She was sitting in direct sunlight for more than an hour.

A/M Levonon told reporters he had asked her if she wanted to leave after seeing her perspire. She adamantly refused. It was only when he told her he was about to stop the parade, he said, that the Premier agreed to leave.

The ground below the balcony was strewn with flowers which had been thrown by marchers towards Mrs. Meir.

An unusually frank difference of views over the nature of the Three Day March was expressed at the press conference by A/M Levonon and Stella Levi, former head of the Women's Corps, who was serving as chief judge at the march this year. A/M Levonon, in summing up the year's event, said that he had been disturbed at seeing people in the marcher's encampment at Beit El who did not march at all on the second and third days (apparently because they were too tired). The Three Day March, he said, should not be killing, but it should not be easy.

When A/M Levi was called upon to give the names of the best marching units, she chose to address herself to this point. "I've seen 90 per cent of the marchers these last three days. On the second day many of them were broken. We know the kind of people who come out for the march. This isn't a military exercise. The trouble is we don't listen to what the marchers themselves have to say and we keep making the same mistake every year."

A/M Levonon twice tried to cut her off, saying she was just supposed to give the list of winners. But the outspoken officer continued with her remarks until she had finished.

TOO DIFFICULT

Man of the marchers complained that the route was too difficult, particularly the second day's 30 kilometres over rough, stony paths.

Three persons were brought to Shaarei Zedek Hospital and treated for dehydration.

Yesterday's 28-km. route for civilians and soldiers passed through Michmash (a biblical site), Hizma and Awata before ending at the foot of Mount Scopus. The Gadhna youngsters were transported by vehicles from Beit El to Nebi Samwil, from where they hiked 16 kms to their terminal point at Binyanei Ha'oma.

At 2.30 p.m. the two groups started down Jaffa Road from either end (about 8,000 of the civilians who completed the march to Jerusalem did not participate in the final parade).

Japanese from the Malkoya sect marched behind a flag of the Rising Sun. There were also a dozen young people carrying a sign reading "I am a Jew." In answer to a query from the sidelines, one of them said they were from Germany and Switzerland but it could not be determined whether they were Jews for Jesus or Christians for Jesus.

The mustachioed Parrot Man was back again, his green bird resting on a perch. Other marchers brought monkeys and dogs, including the tired looking shepherd who seemed to agree with A/M Levi's thesis.

This was the first year that the March was held in September rather than in the spring. A/M Levonon said he thought the time was very suitable — it was neither the rainy season nor too hot. The only difficulty was that the Gadhna youngsters, who started school at the beginning of the month, had not had time to train properly.

He said that future marches would probably be held either about the same time or the last week in August. A decision on next year's march will be made within a month.



A line of girls serving in the Navy keep good formation as they pass the walls of Jerusalem's Old City yesterday at the end of the Three Day March. (Aroichan)

Fight begins for place on Labour list

Jerusalem Post Political Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Deputations of Labour Party pressure groups were pouring into party headquarters in Rehov Hayarkon yesterday to appeal to the appointments committee for a safe place on the Knesset list.

This body, headed by Finance Minister Pinchas Sapir, is in effect dealing with the Mafai quota of 35 safe seats on the Alignment list, with Rafi and Abdukt Ha'avoda choosing their men separately. Two-thirds of the list are nominated by the branches and one-third by head offices.

Party sources indicated last night that the margin of manoeuvrability is very narrow. As of yesterday six places were falling vacant: Mordechai Zar, (Jerusalem), Zeev Haring (Tel Aviv), Menachem Cohen (Tel Aviv), Yishar Harari, (Central List), Zena Harman (J'lem) and Eliahu Sasson (Central List — Sephardim).

Mr. Zar's place may be taken by city councillor Haviv Shimoni. In Tel Aviv, young Yosef Sarid is a favourite with the other places contested by party branch secretary Dov Ben-Yair. The women want a place for Ora Namir.

Mrs. Harman's place is being contested by Miss Esther Heritz, Mrs.

Hanna Zemer and Mrs. Shulamit Aloni. However the women's section insists on at least three more seats.

The Haifa branch is demanding another place, on the list. So far they have Moshe Wertman and Moshe Shahal, with Uri Agami as a possible third candidate. Mr. Aloni will be on the Central List, Mr. Abdukt Ha'avoda yesterday dropped Mordechai Elbi from his Knesset list, replacing him with new face, Dimona Labour Council secretary Jacques Amr. Three of the incumbents were re-elected: Moshe Carmel, Adiel Amarat and Shoshana Almoulin-Arbell.

The kibbutz, Hameushad. Movement has chosen its four candidates — Yisrael Galili, Yigal Alon, Yitzhak Ben-Aharon, replacing Mrs. Ada Feinberg-Seren by deputy party secretary-general Avraham Gevher. The eight nominees have to obtain formal approval of the 120 members of the Labour Party Central Committee on Sunday morning.

Israeli left Malawi over personal matter

Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent

An Israeli instructor attached to a Nahal-style Pioneer Youth in Malawi was asked by that country three weeks ago to return home. The Foreign Ministry confirmed yesterday in reply to queries from foreign correspondents. But the matter was personal and not political, a ministry source said, adding that the personal reason was unknown to him.

No change has taken place in Israel's cooperation programmes with Malawi, the source said. Jerusalem does not regard the incident as significant in wider context of relations with Malawi.

The adviser, whose name was not available, was under contract to the Foreign Ministry's International Cooperation Department.

Religious parents protest at J'lem City Hall today

By BERNIE MEYER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Parents who have been trying to pressure the authorities into providing a religious school for their children in the Kiryat Shmuel-Rascoe area of Jerusalem will demonstrate in front of City Hall this morning.

A meeting yesterday between them and Mayor Kollek failed to put an end to their three-week-old bid to gain classroom space in the Paula Ben-Gurion school building. The parents' committee rejected several compromise proposals put forward by the Mayor.

The parents are teaching 150 of their children in tents on the grounds of the unfinished building, which the municipality has assigned to the general school network. The parents want the school, or at least seven of its 15 rooms, to go to the religious network.

TIRES DEARER

The Price Committee yesterday approved a price rise of between 15 and 20 per cent on Alliance tires, and other price increases on construction steel and various rubber products.

Police nab NO CHANGE YET Farkas again ISRAEL AIRCRA

Jerusalem Post Reporter

SAFAD. — Nahman Farkas, the escape artist, was caught once more by the police at the Amirim vegetable village on Tuesday evening. Farkas had been at large since July 11, when he sawed through a bar on the cell door and escaped from the Safad lockup after being sentenced to six months in jail on 18 criminal charges.

The police had been after him ever since, with ambushes and custodial disguised as Arab wild game hunters combing the Galilee mountains between Rosh Pina and Amirim. The searches were stepped up when Farkas was sighted at Amirim in broad daylight recently.

At 8.50 on Tuesday night, a police detachment broke into an old hut where Farkas was hiding. He did not resist. Worn out and tired, he asked for a fair trial. He pleaded to be sent to a mental hospital.

Yesterday he was brought before a magistrate and charged with escaping from custody, burglary and theft and growing and using drugs in the Yagur lockup. Police hope to keep him this time.

By ZEEV SCHUL

Jerusalem Post Aviation Correspondent

LOD AIRPORT. — A temporary "cease fire" seems to have been declared at the Israel Aircraft Industries. The chairman of the Board of Directors, Michael Ferron, yesterday canceled a meeting of the Board at which he had been expected to say he was resigning in January.

The day before, Defence Minister Moshe Dayan had reassured representatives of the workers that the company would not be split into separate civilian and military production divisions. The workers had expressed their fear that this was what would happen if the former O.C. Air Force, Mordechai Hod, were to be installed in Mr. Ferron's place.

Mr. Dayan promised that any changes in the Board of Directors and in top executive levels would not affect the status of the General Manager, AI Chairman, Mr. Michael Ferron, and his desire to have him continue in office.

The staff committee determined

to go ahead with its 4th October 4. It will seek confidence in its support present management as Mr. Hod's appointment.

Mr. Hod still remains candidate for chairman of of Directors in succession Ferron who has made of his intention to resign.

The IAI ranks were reinforced by an El Al the company spokesman Sherman. He will head I relations division in which seen as an attempt to give press for the company's achievements.

RESIGNATION

Mr. Sherman, who has intended to take a leave of some two months in was informed yesterday that "reluctantly" decided his resignation. It was could be a certain "line between his job as El Al and representative of Isra Industries.

"I'm leaving El Al with east regrets and admiral president, Mordechai Ben Sherman said. A form editor of the reputable and Space Weekly," he IAI spokesman for (1963-65), and later job where he headed his public relations departm El Al's acting spokesman.

High Court rules for Emma Berger

The High Court of Justice yesterday made absolute an order it issued against the Zikhron Ya'acov Local Council, the Interior Ministry and the Haifa Regional Town Planning Commission, barring them from expropriating a piece of property bought by Emma Berger, head of a German Christian sect.

The court voiced harsh criticism of the motives which drove the Council and the Planning Commission to undertake the expropriation, and obliged them, along with the Interior Ministry, to pay IL5,000 in court costs.

Emma Berger, backed apparently by a wealthy Christian sect in Germany, is a resident of Stuttgart who has bought some 100 dunams of land in Zikhron in recent years for the use by her sect. Objections to the land purchase were mounted by religious groups and by the Local Council, and accusations of missionary activities were levelled at the sect.

The opposition to the land purchase became focused on an eight-dunam property Emma Berger bought four years ago from a Mrs. Dora Schwartz, who operated a pension there. At first, the Local Council challenged Mrs. Berger's right to buy the land, but it lost the court battle. It then proceeded to issue expropriation orders for the property, claiming it was part of a 24-dunam area designated for public use as a cultural and recreation centre. The plan was approved by the Regional Planning Council and by the Interior Minister, despite loud protests by Mrs. Berger that the plan was a ruse, and that Zikhron had other unused land it could utilize for its public needs.

Among the tactics used by the Local Council — and condemned yesterday by the High Court — were an attempt to purchase the property from Dora Schwartz's son

without his mother's knowledge (the sale was invalidated by the courts), and an attempt by Council chairman Ya'acov Levy to cancel a certificate proving Dora Schwartz had paid her taxes — without which the sale could not be effected.

Justice Zvi Berenson said the expropriation was a "malicious plot," even if the original plan for the community centre was a sincere one. The intent was obviously to get the land out of Mrs. Berger's hands because she is German, "by any and all means."

The other Justices, Haim Cohn and Moshe Itzhak, concurred. They emphasized that so long as the law does not prohibit the purchase of land in Israel by foreigners (even when they are known to engage in missionary activity), it is inconceivable that the courts would condone the use of such tactics to wrest legally purchased land from its owners. (Him)

Allende docum

(Continued from page 1)

sending a jeep for you. Please leave.

Maria Christina, Rene, my son... I love you very much. You were the only real thing to me."

Allende's other daughter, Beatrice, who is in her sixth month of pregnancy, apparently had left the Moneda a few minutes before. This document, which has an authentic air and fits into earlier eye-witness reports, shows Allende's humane character to the bitter end. Rumours of a coup against his regime were rife all over Santiago during the days preceding the military revolution. Yet, despite charges by the junta that Allende had been contemplating using force against the opposition, he did not take any protective measures and did not use any of the arms that were found in the Moneda, relying only on the protection of the presidential guard of the palace for arms.

He came to the presidential palace shortly after seven on Tuesday morning, much earlier than his usual hour. After he heard over the radio that the Chilean Navy had taken over the port city of Valparaiso in the first move of the coup, he called one of Santiago's radio stations and said he wished to address the nation over the phone neck, some time after

from his office. It would speech. He let it be he realised he had react of his road, as the forces turned against him. Shortly after nine acted the wife tametags cars of the cor withdrawn from the gether with a few d gaurd, leaving the palace to the mercy proaching tanks, Allen on to one of the balc Moneda to greet and b the few dozen faithful standing around outside.

It was there that his tanks were taken. The tanks which opened Moneda, meeting fierc the opposition, he did not take any from the Government of measures and did not use any of the arms that were found in the Moneda, relying only on the protection of the presidential guard of the palace for arms.

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Beirut raid achieved objective in 24 minutes

The commando raid against the headquarters of the Democratic Front in Beirut in April was so well organized that the building was demolished within 24 minutes and neither Lebanese troops nor terrorists in a refuge camp had a chance to intervene.

This is revealed in a detailed report of the raid in the Rosh Hashana issue of "Bamahane," the army's weekly magazine.

Two Israelis were killed and two wounded in the entire operation in which three top Arab terrorist leaders were killed in their apartments. Two search and destroy units of two paratroopers each and a demolition squad charged with blowing up the building participated in the 24-minute battle, the magazine said.

The first two men to reach the building shot two guards posted at the doorstep, "Bamahane" said. Two terrorists with Kalashnikov rifles gunned down the two paratroopers from a flat parked eight metres away.

"Residents of Beirut stood in the streets and watched the raid like a sideshow," the weekly says.

A squad of about a dozen men stormed the apartment headquarters of the Democratic Front for the Liberation of Palestine.

Segen Aharon, a member of the demolition squad, reached the stair-

way inside the building and hid in the stairway.

Hearing "Yahud, Yahud" from up the staircase, Aharon said, "I saw a clear image — the numbers running along the elevator's floor indicated the fifth and the third floors several times."

"When the elevator finally came down all the way, I was lying in ambush. I immediately threw a grenade once it arrived and shot long bursts from my Uzi. Nobody got out."

"When the smoke cleared from the staircase, Aharon said, "I saw a clear image — the numbers running along the elevator's floor indicated the fifth and the third floors several times."

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TEL AVIV DISTRICT COURT
Civil file No. 257/73

Plaintiff: Moshe Gelfand of 30 Sderot David Hamelech, Tel Aviv, represented by L. Adam, Adv., of 26 Sderot David Hamelech, Tel Aviv.

Defendants: 1. Haronbet Hemmer Ltd. 2. Mendel Nahm

Summons to Mendel Nahm: Whereas the plaintiff has submitted a claim against you in the Tel Aviv District Court, as detailed in the above statement of claim (Civil file No. 257/73) you are invited to submit a statement of defence within 30 days of the publication of this notice.

If you do not submit such a statement of defence, the plaintiff will have the right to obtain a verdict in your absence.

Clerk to the Court

Mifal Hapayis Draw Today
מִפָּאָל הַפָּאָיִס

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TO ALL BUS PASSENGERS

Bus operations will be halted today throughout the country. It was a difficult decision for the bus cooperatives to we had no choice — Egged and Dan haven't the means normal operations.

We have arrived at this grave state of affairs as a result of the Government to honour an agreement signed an agreement intended to establish objective indices reflect costs in the entire economy.

The Government, at this point, refuses to honour its agreement which it forced upon Egged and Dan.

By defaulting, and at the same time failing to make up cooperatives have had to make up as a result of the rise the Government has undermined the economic basis of public and made it impossible to continue operating it.

We apologize to the public for any inconvenience caused by the Government's violation of the agreement.

EGGED

Barney and Dr. Phyllis Greenberg, Beit
Announce the birth of a
DAUGHTER
Sister to Max, Alan and Joel.
September 17, 1973.

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Philippine Consulate in Tel Aviv
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Tel. 02-253143, 253144.
Office Hours: 8 a.m.-12 noon; 1-5 p.m. weekdays.

150 אלבין

Soviets explain why Jewish schools gone

By DAVID LENNON
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

DON. — The reason why there are no Jewish schools in the Soviet Union is that the Soviet government is afraid of the Jewish people. The Soviet government is afraid of the Jewish people because they are so different from the other people in the Soviet Union. The Soviet government is afraid of the Jewish people because they are so different from the other people in the Soviet Union. The Soviet government is afraid of the Jewish people because they are so different from the other people in the Soviet Union.

Soviet scientist tells of persecution

By SARAH HONIG
Jerusalem Post Reporter

RAMAT GAN. — Jewish scientists who have applied for exit permits from the U.S.S.R. are facing economic persecution and are having a tough time making ends meet, Prof. Moshe Gitterman said here on Monday night, after arriving as an immigrant from the Soviet Union.

VINTAGE BEST IN LIVING MEMORY

By YITZHAK OKED
Jerusalem Post Reporter

RISHON LEZION. — This year's vintage is one of the best in living memory, Alfred Stiller, director of the Rishon Lezion Vintners Association, told The Jerusalem Post yesterday.



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Fined for stealing ex-husband's car

HAIFA. — A woman was given a six month suspended sentence and fined IL300 for stealing her former husband's car and driving it without a license.

Terrorist gets life

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A. — The Military Court here today sentenced a terrorist from el-Burej refugee camp to life imprisonment for murder. It also sentenced three prison terms of 20, 15 and five years for three other members of the same group.

Knesset debate

(Continued from page 1)

Soviets had attempted to distort the true picture as regards the curbs on immigration.

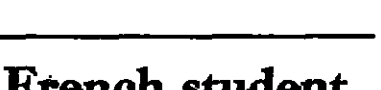
French student group 'comes to help nation'

Jerusalem Post Staff

HAIFA. — A group of 20 French immigrant students arrived here in the M.S. Dan yesterday. They will study under the auspices of the Absorption Ministry's Students Authority, first at preparatory courses in Netanya and later at the Hebrew University, where they will study education and social work.

Waiver of severance pay ruled invalid

HAIFA. — In a leading decision, the Labour Court here ruled yesterday that an employee could not forfeit his right to severance pay.



Moshe Gitterman

Police raid T.A. street pedlars

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — Police yesterday arrested a pedlar who attacked City inspectors with broken bottles at the Central Bus Terminal when they tried to remove him for selling his wares without permit.

Davis Cup tie to be in Tehran, not Israel

By JACK LEON
Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV. — The International Lawn Tennis Federation has ruled that Iran has choice of venue in next month's Davis Cup preliminary against Israel and not Israel, as previously announced.

weeks of tournament play in Holland, England and the U.K. His performance in the prestigious Manchester tournament last month was widely covered in the British press, and Lance Tingay, the doyen of U.S. tennis writers, told The Post that he was particularly impressed with the young Israeli.

Search for contraband on Dan uncovers little

By YAA'AOV FRIEDLER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA. — Dozens of Customs men descended on the passenger liner m.s. Dan when she arrived from Europe yesterday for a bow to stern search after contraband.

Call to kick out self-employed from Histadrut

By AARON SITTNER
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Let's kick all self-employed people out of our organization, a leading Histadrut official proposed in Jerusalem yesterday.

Moshavim ask increase in price of milk

TEL AVIV. — The Moshav Movement is asking the Government to raise the price of milk by eight agorot a liter, Arie Nehamkin, secretary of the movement, told a meeting of dairy farmers yesterday.

Collision closes Haifa rail line

HAIFA. — Rail services to and from Haifa were suspended yesterday afternoon after a traffic collision blocked the line.

French student group 'comes to help nation'

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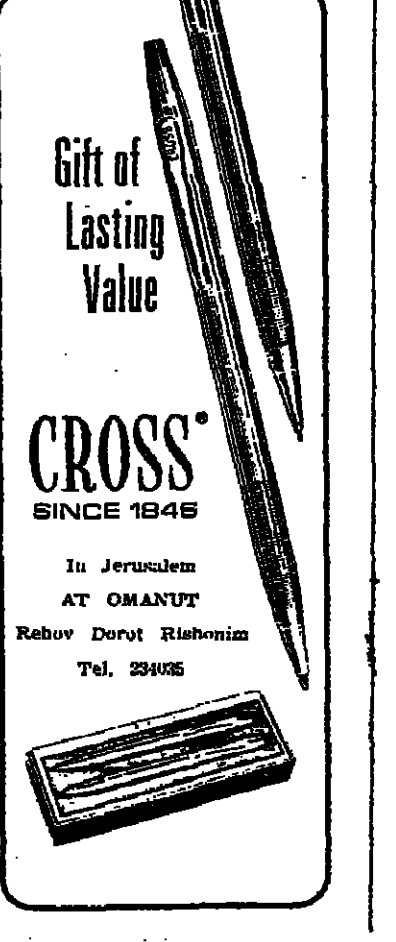
Collision closes Haifa rail line

HAIFA. — Rail services to and from Haifa were suspended yesterday afternoon after a traffic collision blocked the line. According to the railway management, a truck went past a warning light at a level crossing near Pardess Hanna and collided with the engine of a Tel Aviv-Haifa train, derailing it.

HOW TO BUY A WASHING MACHINE

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| 29 | 28 | 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 |
| 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 30 |
| 13 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 8 | 7 |
| 20 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 16 | 15 | 14 |
| 27 | 26 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 |
| 3 | 2 | 1 | 31 | 30 | 29 | 28 |

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U.N. General Assembly delegates congratulate the West German delegation (middle left) and East German delegation (middle right) after the two Germanys were seated in the General

Assembly as its 1978/79 session opened Tuesday. At left is West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel (with white hair) and at far right is East German Foreign Minister Otto Winzer. (AP radiophoto)

U.N. flag-raising ceremony for Germanys, Bahamas

UNITED NATIONS (Reuters). — The flags of East and West Germany and the Bahamas were ceremonially raised outside U.N. headquarters yesterday, following admission of the three countries on Tuesday night as new members of the world organization.

Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, the only speaker at the brief, seven-minute outdoor ceremony, noted that the entry of the two German states had particular significance for the U.N.

"It is a symbol of the new mood of détente which has brought so much hope to mankind," he said. "While it ends a particular chapter in world history, it also opens a new one — a chapter in which these nations will work in the U.N. for causes which affect all mankind."

The German flags are identical except that East Germany's has the Communist hammer-and-sickle symbol superimposed on stripes of Red, Gold and Black.

In the General Assembly, there were a host of congratulatory speeches.

But entry of the German states was not achieved without some controversy. As reported briefly in our second edition yesterday, Israel Ambassador Yosef Tekoa on Tuesday requested a separate vote on the proposal to admit East Germany, which, he said, "ignored and continues to ignore Germany's historical responsibility for the Holocaust and the moral obligations arising from it."

He also accused East Germany of "giving support and practical assistance to the campaign of violence and murder waged against Israel and the Jewish people by Arab terror organizations."

But Mr. Tekoa did not press his request in the face of objections to the sponsors of the resolution to

admit both states without a division. He acknowledged that there was no possibility of bringing that resolution to a vote, adding: "The fear of the sponsors is that the pressing of the matter might open up a Pandora's box, upset the scenario agreed upon, and result in a greater number of states voting for the admission of East Germany than for the admission of the Federal Republic."

That was an "obviously undesirable" development, as Israel's objective was to highlight that it was East Germany, not West Germany that was unworthy of admission, Mr. Tekoa said.

The possibility that East Germany might receive the greater number of votes was understood to stem from the objections of many African members to Bonn's trade and other relations with the white regimes in southern Africa and retention of a consulate in Windhoek, capital of South West Africa.

After completing welcoming procedures and hearing West German Foreign Minister Walter Scheel and East German Foreign Minister Otto Winzer yesterday, the Assembly was due to elect its committee chairmen and vice-presidents, who together will form the general, or steering, committee which considers the items proposed for the agenda.

The committee has scheduled a night meeting to order the Assembly's business of 104 agenda items.

The Jewish Defence League (JDL) staged a short-lived occupation of the U.N. mediating room on Tuesday shortly before the 28th General Assembly convened.

Five youths chanting anti-Soviet slogans were thrown out of the non-denominational chapel for delegates' use by U.N. guards. They were protesting what they called the Soviet oppression of Jews.

Wanted: Trainers for Amin's pilots

KAMPALA (Reuters). — President Idi Amin said here yesterday Uganda was building its air force for defence and not to attack any country. He was speaking after an air display to mark the first anniversary of the repulsion of an invasion by eddies from Tanzania. The President told diplomats in the audience that his government would welcome any offer by their countries to train Uganda pilots to fly special planes. Uganda might ask their countries to sell it commercial aircraft to transport its goods because it was land-locked, he said.

Arab F.M.s to confer on tactics at U.N.

Jerusalem Post Arab Affairs Reporter Arab Foreign Ministers are to confer in New York on a joint stand on their quarrel with Israel at the current U.N. General Assembly, Cairo radio said last night.

The meeting is believed to have been initiated by the Cairo-based 18-nation Arab League whose Secretary-General, Mahmoud Riad, is pressing for a full-scale Assembly debate on the issue. Egyptian Foreign Minister Mohammed Hassan Zayyat is scheduled to take a leading role in the debate which will be the seventh to take place at the U.N. since the Six Day War.

Cairo's semi-official "Al-Ahram" newspaper yesterday warned that the failure of the U.N. to play a proper role in the Middle East situation will lead to an escalation of the crisis. The paper said that the Arabs "are adamant in their intention to liberate their occupied territory and to recover for the Palestinian people their usurped rights."

Supplies flowing into Phnom Penh

PHNOM PENH (AP). — Scores of trucks and minibuses piled high with foodstuffs, fire wood and general cargo rolled up from the southeast to Phnom Penh yesterday, following the clearing of Highway Four of Communist-led insurgent forces.

It was the first time in 25 days that Government traffic could flow between the country's only deep-water port of Kompong Som and Phnom Penh, a distance of 250 kilometres.

Government troops also broke through Khmer Rouge forces straddling another highway near the capital and linked up with a battalion encircled for nearly a month. Fighting continued on Phnom Penh's road to the South Vietnamese border.

World pilots warn they'll go it alone against air terror, if gov'ts apathetic

'Tension between Fatah, Syria'

BEIRUT (Reuters). — A Lebanese newspaper yesterday reported growing tension between the Palestinian terrorists and the Syrian authorities following restrictions on the saboteurs' presence in Syria. The French-language "L'Orient-Le Jour" said the Syrian military command had ordered the terrorists to close down some bases near the main Beirut-Damascus highway.

The ultimatum was addressed mainly to Fatah, the biggest group, which has most of its training camps in the designated area, the paper said.

The report, quoting informed sources in Damascus, said the Syrian authorities had also banned the terrorists from using the so-called

"Arafat trail," the mountain paths which led from Syria into Lebanon. They must use official frontier posts from now on it said.

The report said tension had steadily increased between the Syrians and the ex-Palestinians since the Government's closure of an anti-Jordan radio station in Southern Syria last week. Since then 16 terrorists had been arrested for distributing the resistance movement's weekly magazine.

The terrorist roof organization, Palestine Liberation Organization (P.L.O.) yesterday denied a Paris report that it was planning to move most of its headquarters from Beirut to Tripoli, Libya. The Paris-based African magazine "Jeune Afrique" had reported that the move was first mooted at a meeting between Yasser Arafat and Libyan head of state Muammar Gaddafi. The Libyan leader has not yet given his approval to the plan, it added.

ROME (Reuters). — The 1,000 world's 50,000 international line pilots warned yesterday they would take drastic action to halt air terrorism if states lines evade their responsibility. Captain James O'Grady, of the International Federation of Airline Pilots Associations, told a news conference: "The time will come for action on the part of our members to halt the senseless terrorism which has infected the world."

He told a press conference a month-long meeting of the International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO), which is due to open tomorrow, has "almost been a failure."

"There's going to be no full convention on hijacking piracy as a result of this and pilots now see they have to act on their own," Captain O'Grady declared. "The world's airlines will be asked for the on imposing an automatic ban on air traffic into any country which diversifies its airlines from its scheduled routes. This course of action suggested following the hijacking of a Lebanese airliner last month. 'Present indications more than 99 per cent of the airlines are in favour of such the captain commented."

SEVERAL WAYS Deputy ICAO president Murphy said: "We have alternatives open to us," but he said that main action being contemplated was the temporary closing of all air traffic into countries which "give us a choice, or do not punish hijack saboteurs."

Yesterday's ICAO statement criticised the ICAO for becoming a "police where the serious lawbreakers are being put off and a terror being thwarted at every turn."

It added: "As those responsible for the safety of their passengers, the airlines of the world can no longer subjecting them to hold where death lurks during minutes of flight."

Pope Paul told the IC gates yesterday that hijack air piracy was unjustified and efforts must be made to prove the social conditions lead some people to violence. "The struggle against world did not recognize the world which gave rise to declared."

Acts of terrorism were caused by "misery, frustration, lack of hope which sprang from conditions which are intolerable from the social, economic and point of view. But he added: "Such never justify the recourse against civil airline pilots and passengers. The not justify the means, nor this field than in any of

Australians jail Fatah man for nine months

MELBOURNE (Reuters). — An ex-Palestinian member of El Fatah who was jailed here this week was threatened in his cell by Australian intelligence officers, his lawyer claimed yesterday.

Mr. Terry O'Brien, the Melbourne solicitor who defended Abdulhaziz Abdulla Azam on charges including illegal entry into Australia, said two officers of the Australian Security Intelligence Organization (ASIO) had seen Azam at a police station here and pressed him for information.

The ASIO officers allegedly said that unless he told them what they wanted to know, they could not protect him from likely attackers, including the Israelis.

Mr. O'Brien said he had taken steps to see that 32-year-old Azam was not bothered again by the ASIO men.

A police spokesman said Azam was transferred from the police

station to jail yesterday and added: "The little fellow has made no complaint."

Azam was jailed for nine months on Tuesday. He told the city court he had entered Australia to try to set up a local Fatah information office.

Usually reliable sources in Canberra said yesterday Federal police were maintaining surveillance of suspected Arab terrorist sympathisers in Australia following the jailing of Azam. They said there was nothing to suggest that Azam did not make contact with sympathisers after his entry into Australia.

The sources added that additional security precautions had been put into operation soon after Azam's arrest on September 11, and the police had considered the possibility of violence by terrorists in order to obtain Azam's freedom, or reprisal attacks.

Bonn 'trying' to stop illegal entry of Arabs

Jerusalem Post Correspondent

BONN. — The Bonn Government and the West Berlin authorities are cooperating in an effort to find ways to cut off the stream of Arabs entering West Germany via East Germany and West Berlin, Federal Interior Minister Hans Dietrich Genscher told parliament yesterday.

Genscher confirmed officially that "considerable numbers" of Arabs have evaded West Germany's strict entry limits for Arab nationals by flying to East Berlin, crossing over to West Berlin and applying for political asylum. He said that it "is very difficult" to prevent an abuse of West Germany's liberal laws on political asylum.

Genscher was answering a parliamentary question by Deputy British

Riedl who claims that East Germany not only flies the Arabs, including terrorists, to East Berlin's Schoenefeld Airport but also ferries them in "sealed buses" up to crossing points at the Berlin Wall.

The Arabs could cross through the Wall on the train or subway. There are no passport checks on these routes on the western side, in view of the western contention that the entire city is united under four-power control.

Turkish police swoop on urban terrorists

ISTANBUL (UPI). — Turkish police yesterday announced the arrest of 12 men in a continued nationwide crackdown on urban terrorists. Police said the 12, mostly university students, were part of an organization which planned to rob banks and business concerns to finance its struggle against the government.

In Istanbul, a military prosecutor asked death sentences on Tuesday for 22 of 87 leftists accused of murder, robbery and attempting to overthrow the government by force.

Selassie's grandson 'tries to hijack his plane'

BEIRUT (AP). — Haile Selassie's grandson tried to take the Ethiopian Emperor's hostage on an airborne jetliner and force him to abdicate at gunpoint, the Eritrean Liberation Front (ELF) claimed Wednesday.

ELF Secretary-General Osman Sabbi claimed the attempt was made by Prince Iskander Desta, 40, Deputy Commander of the Ethiopian Navy, during the Emperor's trip home last Friday from a three-day visit to West Germany.

During the flight the pilot of the Imperial Boeing 707 issued a hijack signal while over Italy and radioed the Cairo control tower that the aircraft had been hijacked with a "very important person aboard."

Italian officials quoted the pilot as telling the control tower at Rome's Fiumicino Airport, there was a man in the cabin holding a gun at his head.

The pilot later radioed that

"everything was under control on board" and that he had taken the hijack.

The plane landed safely Addis Ababa and reports the Emperor left the plane received the normal welcome.

Sabbi quoted informants arrived from the Ethiopian pilot as telling him Desta had been placed under house arrest.

Sabbi says his Ethiopian informants had conflicting reports on how Desta's attempt collapsed. One version said the Emperor's bodyguards jumped on Desta a rebel officer who was with him and quickly overpowered him without a shot being fired.

Other was that Desta was "let out of it" by his mother, Princess Tsega, the Emperor's daughter. The princess was the Emperor's entourage to the German visit.

JORDAN

(Continued from page 1) Hussein said the "noble feeling you express represents that of all our fighting men."

The state-run media of Egypt and Syria, which launched the reconciliation moves at a summit meeting with King Hussein in Cairo last week, led the Arab world in hailing the release of the prisoners.

King Hussein's amnesty was the main front page story in Cairo newspapers yesterday.

In Cairo, there was no editorial comment but the authoritative newspaper "Al-Ahram" claimed that, during King Hussein's talks in Cairo, President Sadat had raised the question of releasing Palestinian prisoners in Jordan. The King told Mr. Sadat he would personally handle the matter immediately after his return to Amman, the paper said.

Kuwait's daily, "Al-Qabas" however, quoted Jordan's ambassador-designate to Egypt, Abdul-Mun'im Al-Rifai, as saying in a telephone interview from Amman that this was not a pre-planned decision.

The king had acted on Tuesday, he said, because he wanted to take another step towards national unity, and in the light of his meeting with the presidents of Egypt and Syria aimed at closing Arab ranks against Israel.

Press commentators predicted Hussein might follow up the release of the prisoners by agreeing to have units of the 5,000-strong Palestine Liberation Army stationed in Jordan.

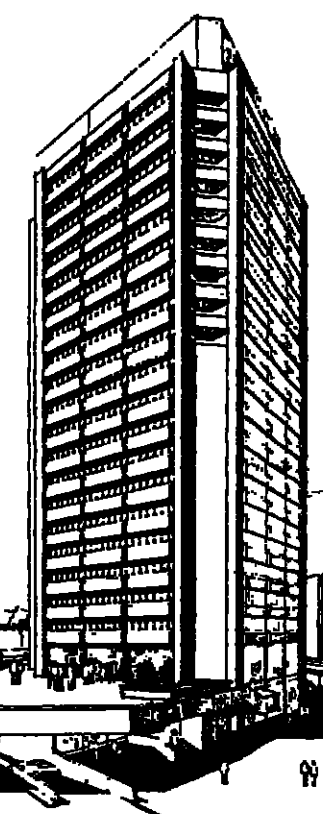
In Amman, the newspaper "Al-Dustour" said King Hussein's step was designed to give those covered by the amnesty an opportunity to return to the fold now that a new page has been opened.

The terrorist-sponsored Palestinian news agency, Wafa, expressed continued hostility to Hussein. So did the rest of the terrorist news media.

Tunisian newspapers received King Hussein's amnesty with suspicion. "Al-Sabah" said: "This is not repentance on the part of the Jordanian king, but a manoeuvre pretending reconciliation with the resistance and aimed at procuring the aid of Arab countries."

Lebanese papers yesterday gave prominence to the general amnesty. The mass circulation "An-Nahar" said that in a few days the King would back the Arab sympathy he had lost over the last three years.

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To check and compare prices between different shops, in order to be sure that they are buying the best quality possible within their budget.

To buy from suppliers who display prices, where all items are reasonably priced, correct weight is given, all details of products are on the wrapper, quality is good, the rules of cleanliness are observed, service is efficient and polite, and advertising honest.

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- Central Consumers' Authority, 33 Rehov Arlossoff, Tel Aviv, Tel. 261111.
- Israel Consumers' Association, 26 King George St., Tel Aviv, Tel. 234180.

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A new type of Soviet submarine, sighted off the Norwegian coast recently and photographed by Norwegian air force plane. The submarine is reported to be equipped with 16 intercontinental ballistic missiles, which have a range of 7,000 kilometers. (AP radiophoto)

Soviets develop 'pop-up' missile

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The Soviet Union has developed a so-called "pop-up" missile capable of launching a heavier nuclear warhead from a depth of 100 meters, sources reported yesterday. The missile is described as being capable of launching a more potent warhead than the Russian SS-20, which is being developed. The missile is said to be capable of launching a more potent warhead than the Russian SS-20, which is being developed. The missile is said to be capable of launching a more potent warhead than the Russian SS-20, which is being developed.

European parley will hear Israel and Arab states

GENEVA. — The European Security Conference yesterday agreed to hear the views of Israel and Arab countries, thus breaking a two-month deadlock. The coordinating committee decided by consensus that non-participating Mediterranean countries — Algeria, Tunisia, Israel, Syria, Egypt and Morocco, should speak and agreed on the dates for their statements.

Soviet nuclear test monitored

WASHINGTON (UPI). — The atomic energy commission said yesterday that the Soviet Union has apparently conducted a new underground nuclear test.

China says Russia selling Arabs down the river

HONGKONG (Reuter). — China today accused Russia of "selling" Arab people down the river. The article in the current issue of official "Peking Review," on here, said that Russia promised help the Arab people against aggression but did nothing after Six Day War in 1967.

One sextuplet dies, three ill

DENVER, Colorado (UPI). — On the third day of their life, three of the five remaining Stank sextuplets were yesterday stricken with a lung disease that killed their sister on Tuesday. Doctors replaced the blood in the only girl left to try to save her life.

Garl Gustav ascends to Swedish throne

STOCKHOLM (Reuter). — King Carl XVI Gustav — the world's youngest monarch — sat on the silver throne of Sweden for the first time yesterday and pledged that his reign would reflect the needs of a changing society. Scandinavian royalty and nobility, ministers, bishops and citizens packed the Palace's marbled Hall of State for the accession ceremony.

Court told Nixon may have committed crime

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — The Senate Watergate committee, in a sudden shift of stance, has told a Federal court here that it is now investigating possible criminal actions on the part of President Nixon. It allegations about Mr. Nixon's involvement in the Watergate cover-up are correct, the committee said in a memorandum to Judge John Sirica. Mr. Nixon's "presidency may be in jeopardy and he may be subject to criminal penalties."

Silence is ominous for Agnew

WASHINGTON (Reuter). — White House silence on reports of the imminent resignation of Vice-President Spiro Agnew led yesterday to increasing speculation that Mr. Nixon might be seeking a new Vice-President. A congressman with close White House links said Mr. Nixon, believing he is overcoming the stigma of Watergate scandal, does not want a Vice-President who faces possible indictment. Government prosecutors in Baltimore are preparing to present to a grand jury evidence alleging that Mr. Agnew, while Governor of Maryland before becoming Vice-President in 1969, accepted payments in return for State contracts.



Tennis veteran Bobby Riggs, 57, gobbles vitamins as part of the publicity ballyhoo before his match against Billie Jean King in Houston's Astrodome tonight. He swallowed the vitamin equivalent of 8,000 oranges, two pounds of liver, four pounds of steak and two gallons of milk. Billie Jean has vowed to win, not so much for the \$100,000 prize money, but to avenge Riggs' slur on women in general and female tennis players in particular. (AP radiophoto)

Israel in third place in European bridge

OSTEND, Belgium. — Israel beat Switzerland in the open series in the European bridge championship here on Tuesday night, consolidating its third place behind France and Italy. In the women's section, the Israeli team brought off a surprise victory against France, but is still placed 13th out of the 14 teams competing.

300,000 Bangladesh war detainees begin home-going

NEW DELHI (Reuter). — A group of 125 happy Pakistanis flew out of Dacca for home yesterday, and set in motion a massive repatriation programme which will eventually involve more than 300,000 military and civilian detainees held in India, Pakistan and Bangladesh. The 125 had been held in Bangladesh for 21 months after being trapped in Pakistan's former eastern wing since the Indo-Pakistan war of December, 1971. They flew out on a Boeing 727 of the Afghan Ariana airline chartered by the U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR).

Nixon won't sell arms to Pakistan

WASHINGTON (AP). — President Nixon ended two days of talks with Pakistan Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto yesterday with a promise of more economic aid, but he refused to end the embargo on arms sales to Pakistan. The U.S. will continue to sell spare parts and non-lethal equipment such as trucks to Pakistan and India if asked, but would not permit the sales of missiles, aircraft, new tanks, frigates and other items reported to be on the Pakistani shopping list, a spokesman said.

Cables in brief

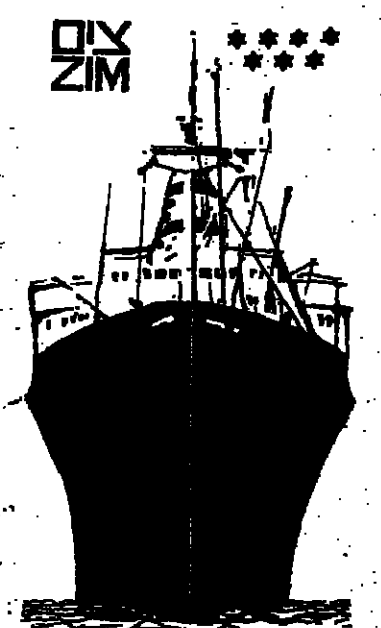
COAST. — The U.S. House of Representatives voted on Tuesday to give women equal rights in the coast guard reserve, including the right to serve on combat vessels and to give orders to men of lower rank. TREE. — Nineteen-year-old David Dibiash, convicted in Bowen, Australia, of wilfully destroying a flowering terminalia tree, has been ordered by a magistrate to plant another and water it every day for a week. CONTROL. — China has hailed the efforts of the coast city of Soochow where the population has grown by just over half a per cent following birth control programmes and late marriages. CALLAS. — Opera star Maria Callas, who has not sung in public for eight years, has had to postpone her eagerly-awaited comeback, scheduled for London this Saturday night, because of eye trouble. ALCOHOL. — A U.S. Army General told a Senate panel yesterday that 36 per cent of the service's officers and 70 per cent of its enlisted men are considered heavy and problem drinkers.

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| TINGUIN | 22.9 |
| EDA | 22.9 |
| AYARINO | 22.9 |
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| ALEXANDROS | 23.9 |
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The Ministry of Housing advises all young couples who registered up to August 31, 1973 as being about to marry that answers to their applications will be sent by the beginning of October 1973.

CHILE COUP REVERBERATES IN LATIN AMERICAN POLITICS

Louis Uchitelle New York

THE military coup in Chile last week may be a major event in Latin American history, but the immediate reaction around the continent is cautious analysis.

The principal victim of the coup appears to be the democratic process, which Salvador Allende tried to use as a vehicle for his Marxist policies. He didn't succeed. The Chilean military, shaking off more than 40 years of non-involvement in politics, took power, siding with thousands in the middle class.

Chile is the second Latin American nation with a long democratic tradition to fall into the hands of military leaders this year. The other is Uruguay, where Juan M. Bordaberry, a civilian, remains the nominal president, but issues decrees prepared by the military. The armed forces closed Uruguay's Congress in June, silencing political parties with decades of tradition.

The four-man Chilean Junta, in its first communique on Tuesday after toppling Allende's three-year-old government, followed a familiar pattern in promising to "rebuild" the country and to end "misery, hunger and anarchy."

Generals elsewhere used similar language when they ended democracy and installed authoritarian rule in Brazil in 1964, Argentina in 1966, Peru in 1968, Ecuador and Bolivia last year and Uruguay in June.

Venezuela, Colombia and Mexico are the only major Latin American nations which have stuck to elected civilian governments over the years. Argentina rejoined them in May, after seven years of military government.

Peron promised to lead Argentina to socialism through nationalization of some farm land, nationalization of bank deposits, expropriation of some foreign companies, and other measures similar to Allende's. Allende's downfall, however, appears to have made the 77-year-old Peron cautious. He says he will not rush Argentina toward socialism, despite pressure from thousands of young radicals in the Peronist movement.

In Venezuela, where President Rafael Caldera's left-of-center Social Christian Party faces a presidential election on December 9, the leftist parties are already making Allende's downfall and death into a campaign issue. Caldera says the coup will have negative reper-

cussions throughout Latin America, but he says it is premature to talk about recognition of the new Chilean authorities.

Either Caldera's party or the Democratic Action Party, also left-of-center, is expected to win the December election, despite the impact of the Chilean coup on public opinion.

Venezuela and most other Latin American nations are expected to maintain diplomatic and commercial relations with the new Chilean government, basing their decisions on "ideological pluralism."

First invoked as a foreign policy in 1970, "ideological pluralism" means that another government's ideology should not stand in the way of trade and diplomatic relations. The policy has been cited by some nations to justify a renewal of ties with Communist Cuba. Now it is to be used, most likely, to maintain relations with Chile, whose military junta is emphatically anti-Marxist.

The Andean Pact

Gen. Juan Velasco Alvarado, Peru's national president, and a warm supporter of the Allende experiment in socialism, has nevertheless indicated that Peru would recognize the Chilean junta. In a formal statement, Velasco praised Allende as an "idealist... who struggled all his life for the interests of his people."

Velasco added, however, that Peru "does not intervene in the internal problems of any country."

Peru, Venezuela and Chile are joined in the Andean Pact, a common market agreement, with three other countries: Colombia, Ecuador and Bolivia. The change in Chile's government is not expected to affect the pact, which attempts, among other things, to restrict foreign investment in the six-nation area.

Allende's downfall could be a serious problem for Mexico's President Luis Echeverria, who has granted asylum to Allende's widow, children and grandchildren. The two chiefs of state were close friends and Echeverria decreed three days of national mourning for Allende start-

ing last Monday. His dramatic death might unite Mexico's leftist parties in new attacks on the United States and American investment in the country.

Latinians have demonstrated in several Latin American nations against what they describe as American involvement in the Chilean coup. Further outbursts against "U.S. imperialism" are certain to be a by-product of the Chilean coup, despite White House assertions that there was no U.S. government involvement.

Brazil's firmly anti-Communist military leaders were quick to grant diplomatic recognition to the new Chilean government, which is similarly anti-Communist. Under authoritarian military rule, Brazil's economy has boomed. Allende had hoped to challenge the Brazilian success with his Marxist programmes and now he has been replaced by a military junta which says it will "exterminate Marxism."

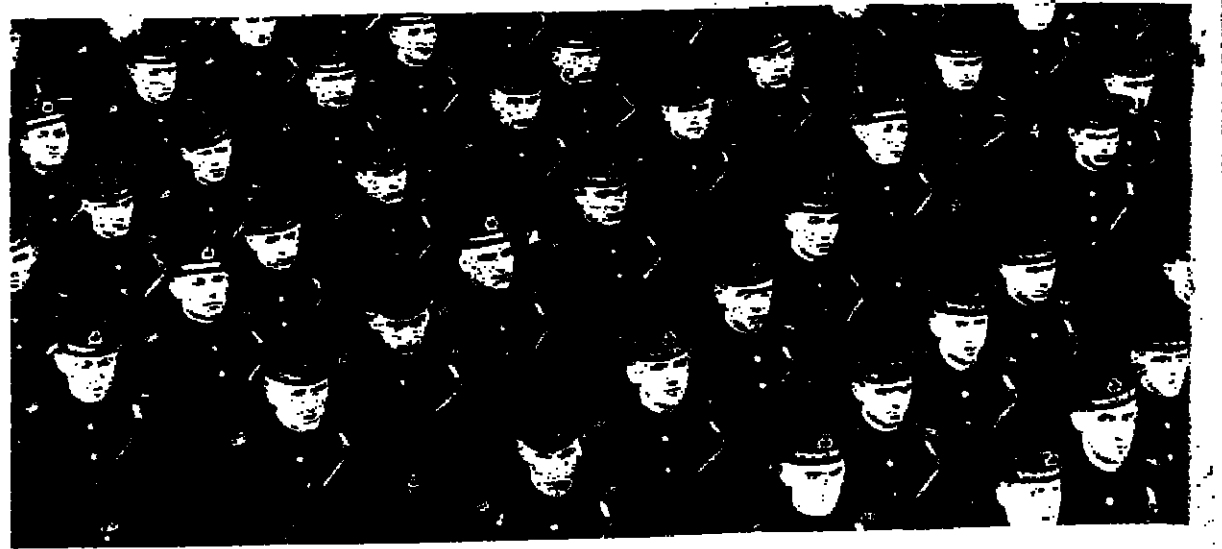
Cuba had given Allende all-out support and Fidel Castro made his first visit to South America in a decade when he flew to Chile in 1971, a year after Allende's election.

Chile under Allende was the first South American nation to renew diplomatic relations with Cuba, defying an Organization of American States resolution enacted in the 1960s. Argentina under Peronism has also recognized Cuba, but Allende was Castro's major ally on the continent and his death is a setback for Cuban foreign policy.

Castro was visiting North Vietnam when Allende's Popular Unity government fell. "To be sure, the overthrow of the popular unity coalition government was a reverse for the revolutionary movement," Castro told Hanoi's Vietnam New Agency. "However, with these rapid acts of aggression, the imperialists definitely cannot dam up the development of the revolutionary movement in Latin America."

His words are likely to have an impact on urban guerrilla organizations in Chile, Argentina, Mexico, Uruguay and other South American countries. They had endorsed Allende while maintaining that his government would never achieve its Marxist goals without violence. They are likely to interpret Allende's downfall as proof of their thesis and good reason to increase their activities.

(Associated Press)



Sailors of the Soviet Baltic Fleet. The generals are worried about the direction their soldiers are taking.

The Red Army—cracks in the iron wall of discipline

John Dornberg
Munich

THE recent defection to Turkey of Valery Yanin, a 26-year-old Soviet air force captain, lends support to a theory Western experts have been studying for some time.

They contend that the Soviet armed forces face problems of morale, ideological steadfastness and discipline similar to those of the "new army" of the U.S.

Of course, the Soviet army soldier is not as long-haired, bearded, hooked on drugs, contemptuous of his commanders or as unresponsive to orders and discipline as his Western, especially his American counterpart. Nor has anyone yet heard of a case of a Soviet officer being given a rough time by his men.

But the "soft wave" has come to Moscow, too. A new type of Soviet soldier—better educated, more widely-traveled, less gullible and inclined toward cynicism—seems to be worrying the marshals and generals

on Frunze Street, the Soviet Pentagon.

Western suspicions about the morale of the Soviet army were first raised during the occupation of Czechoslovakia five years ago, when it became obvious that Russian soldiers were totally unprepared for the discussions with Czechoslovak Communists on the streets of Prague.

At that time there were numerous reports about Soviet soldiers who had either defected or committed suicide because they could not bridge the credibility gap between their barracks indoctrination and the reality of the situation in Czechoslovakia.

Subsequently there was evidence of young Soviet military men who had joined the ranks of the USSR's intellectual dissident movement.

The most celebrated case in January 1969, was that of the mysterious Lieutenant Ilyin, who fired shots at a limousine full of Soviet cosmonauts in the Kremlin, apparently mistaking one of the spacemen for Leonid Brezhnev. Another case was that of the four Baltic Submarine Fleet officers who were arrested and tried in 1970 for establishing a "Union of Fighters for Political Freedom."

More recently Soviet military authorities themselves have acknowledged the problem—in numerous articles and in two highly significant books, "The Soldier and War" and "Military Theory and Practice," both edited by Colonel General Alexei Zheltov, and both now available in translations in Western Europe.

(Zheltov, former chief of the political administration of the Soviet armed forces, was Brezhnev's boss when the present Party leader served as political commissar of the Soviet navy ministry in 1953.)

According to Zheltov, "There are cases of negative attitudes among individual recruits toward established social values and the principle of service. These manifest themselves as an un-socialist attitude toward work and collective property, in egoism, religious belief and nationalist prejudice and in petit-bourgeois behaviour."

Officially, of course, "Western psychological and ideological warfare" is blamed for these manifestations. But a careful reading between the lines suggests that Soviet military psychologists and sociologists see deeper causes.

The Soviet recruit today is used to a higher standard of living, is better educated and more sophisticated than ever before. In fact, according to Soviet sources, nearly 60 per cent of all recruits have travelled widely within the USSR before induction.

The number of draftees with high

school diplomas and college educations has quadrupled within one generation.

Moreover, the techniques of modern technological warfare require a more intelligent, and independent soldier. Compulsory military service demands a different kind of soldier than armed peasants who marched Central Europe and Germany 1945.

Farm boys still go into the Army, but proportionally their numbers have decreased with each year even they are better educated and tend to be mechanically and logically inclined.

As one of the Soviet books point out, modern soldiers are more demanding of their officers and commanders, tend to be more critical, less patient for traditional military practices such as parade-ground drill and less receptive to a rigid ideological indoctrination.

The problems of training have been complicated by the fact that compulsory military service has been reduced to two years but that the amount of technical knowledge which must be passed to trainees increases constantly. It leaves little time for turning into "old style obedient soldiers."

A related problem is the

era of East-West détente and mutual co-existence, which makes it increasingly difficult to explain why Soviet men why they are soldiers at all.

Who is the enemy when I visit the U.S. and President Nixon comes to Moscow? American planes are mining Vietnam's harbors? Who is the enemy when Brezhnev goes swimming with Willy Brandt?

Obviously, there are still Chinese, and the Soviet soldiers in the 50 divisions now on the Chinese border have doubts about who their enemy is. Daily Soviet propaganda takes of that.

But the Soviet brass are obviously concerned about the fuzziness of the "capitalist one silhouette." In recent weeks have launched an all-out drive to "steel the spirit" of Soviet soldiers and tighten ideological discipline.

Clearly, the Soviet soldier is yet to be compared to some of "capitalist" counterparts. But Soviet generals are evidently worried about the direction

Commission 'grossly oversteps authority'

In the Supreme Court Sitting as High Court of Justice Before the Deputy President (Justice Sussman), Justices Berenson and Eliash.

LAW REPORT

Edited by Doris Lankin

THURSDAY, September 20, 1973

Exemplary costs imposed on town planning commission

The petitioners own 12 plots of land in Rishon LeZion. They applied to the Local Town Planning Commission for a permit to build on one of these plots in November 1971. The Local Town Planning Commission (which is synonymous with the Municipal Council) agreed to discuss the application only if the petitioners paid an improvement tax of more than IL11,000. However, the petitioners had paid the improvement tax, the commission did not grant them the permit to build on their plot, but laid down an additional condition: that the petitioners submit to them an additional building plan in accordance with which part of their remaining 11 plots of land would be devoted to public purposes. The petitioners complained to the District Town Planning Commission.

The District Court Town Planning Commission decided, in November 1972, to allow the petitioners' objection and to approve the building permit, conveying their decision to the Local Town Planning Commission. The latter, however, still refused to grant the petitioners the required permit, informing them, in February 1973, that they were prepared to grant it only if the petitioners paid them an improvement tax.

The petitioners thereupon petitioned the High Court of Justice, which granted them an order nisi calling upon the Local Town Planning Commission to show cause why they should not grant the petitioners the permit.

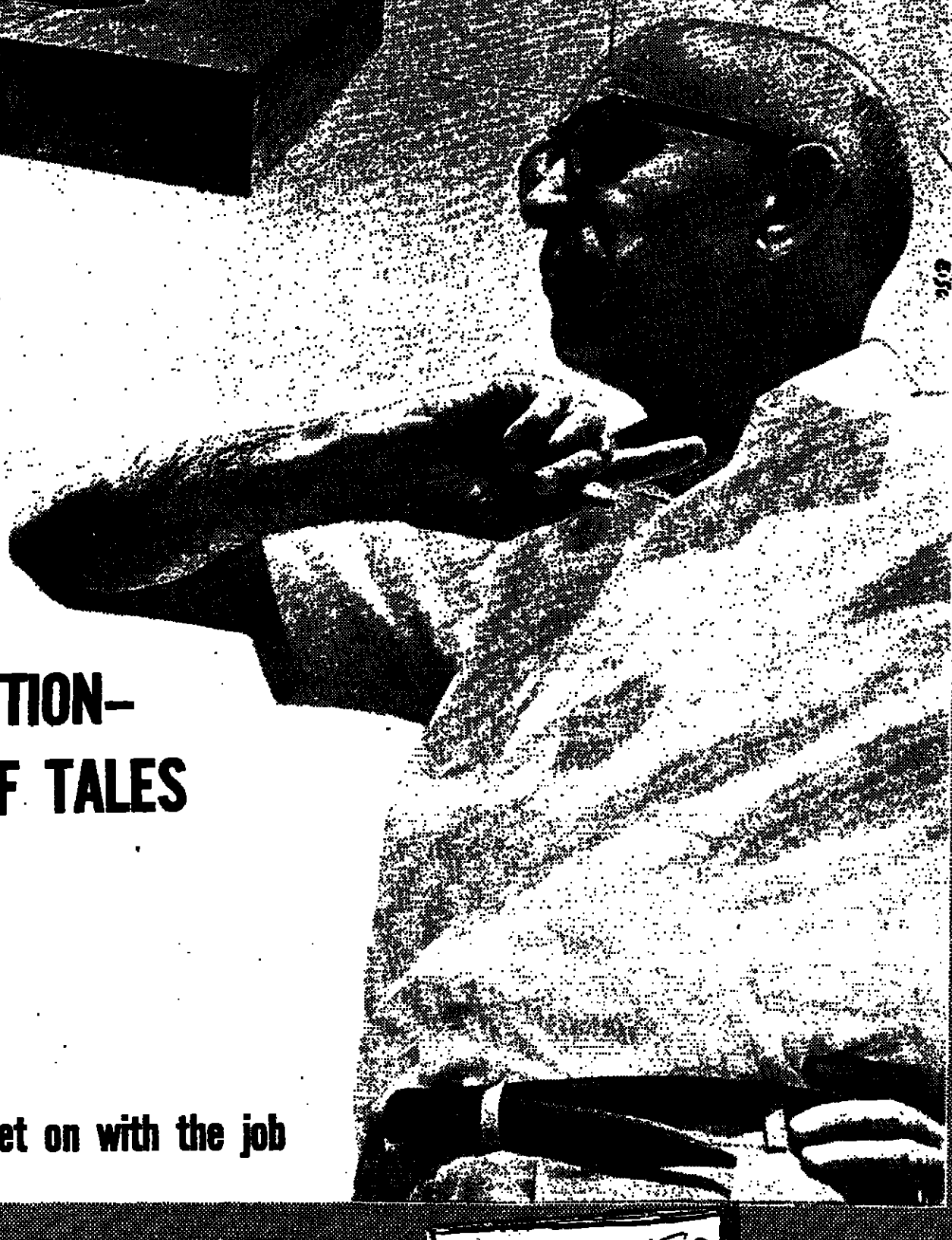
On the return day, Mr. Yecheil appeared for the petitioners and Mr. Behr for the respondents.

Decision. Justice Sussman, who delivered the decision of the Supreme Court, criticized the delaying tactics which the respondents had used deliberately in order to prevent private in-

Decision given on September 1973.

THE MAYOR IS A MAN OF ACTION— NOT A TELLER OF TALES

Others may
tell stories
but facts
speak for themselves.
Let THEM talk—let HIM get on with the job



1501-1502

The Annas no shape profiles of dance

Dance News
Dora Sowden

Annas — Anna Sokolow
Anna Halprin — each in
a way shaping the profiles
are visiting Israel from
U.S.A.

Sokolow, whom Clive Barnes
New York Times has named
of our greatest choreo-
graphers, is here to direct her own
or the Batsheva Dance Com-
pany. William Louthier, artistic di-
rector of the Batsheva Company has
said that the company will
entire "Sokolow Even-
ing" programmes will consist
works which will have their
in Tel Aviv on October 26.
of the ballets is called "De-
(music: Edgar Varese).
it is already in the reper-
other companies, Anna So-
kolew at a press confe-
"It was inspired by my be-
in Israel." She has visited
any times and that is per-
Clive Barnes has said,
aware of herself as Jewish
as American, Anna Sokolow
nd in a second home.
other three works will be a
reared ballet for six dancers
solos — one for William
alternating with Shmuel Ben
and one for Rina Schenfeld.
ing at the U.S. Cultural
in Tel Aviv, where a film of
des" was shown, Anna So-
said: "What American dance
tributed to the world of
very important. Before Mar-
raham, Doris Humphrey,
Weidman and others, dance
illets and Broadway. Modern
opened up a new vista. The
is taken up by the univer-
which treated their dance de-



The "Pilobolus" dance theatre (see story below).

partments seriously and profes-
sionally. They produced dancers and teach-
ers and developed audiences for mo-
dern dance that is strong, alive and
creative. This influence has now
spread to other countries.
Anna Halprin (she prefers to be
called "Anna" rather than "Am")
came here with her husband, Law-
rence Halprin (a landscape architect
and expert in environmental plan-
ning) to participate in the Congress
on Religion, Architecture and the
Arts. At her session entitled "Dance
as a Religious Experience" she pro-
vided to be a kind of dance "evan-
gelist." She induced the participants
towards a sort of "trance dancing"
in which they gave sound to their
breathing and moved to the "heart-
beat" of a drum while her own
voice urged them to "rejoice." She
explained this "ritualistic dance" in
an interview.
"I reject the modern dance styles
— Graham and all the other closed

styles," she said. "They have become
decorative. It is time to break away
from them as Isadora Duncan did
from classical ballet." In the phases
of her work, she stated people
come together, communicate, express
what happens in their lives and
create community. "Each person is
his own artist," and creates his
movements in "ritual" and "not in
stylistic movements in a prepared
package."

"It is important to me to work
with people of different ethnic back-
grounds — as I do in San Fran-
cisco," said Anna Halprin. "It's not
improvisation, not just self-expres-
sion. It's a science. While keeping
our uniqueness, we share with others.
Martha Graham has people of dif-
ferent ethnic origin in her company
but they merge in her works. In
my workshops we maintain the dif-
ferences but work together."

A member of Anna Halprin's San
Francisco "workshop," Xavier Nash
who was also attending the Con-
gress, pointed out: "Our dances are
not just empty patterns. They are
based on anatomical structural
rhythms and natural breathing to
make the body more efficient."

Both Anna and Lawrence Halprin
have been here several times before
(he is the son of U.S. Zionist
Mrs. Rose Halprin and speaks He-
brew). Yet both declared themselves
"excited" by their visits to Jerusa-
lem.

A DANCE troupe, of four young
men from the U.S., will tour
ten of Israel's kibbutzim this month
and will also appear in the Tel Aviv
Museum on September 24.

They call themselves "Pilobolus"
and their "act," according to New
York press reports and Israelis who
have seen them in America, prom-
ises to be unusual.

Robby Barnett, Robb Pendleton,
Lee Harris and Jonathan Wolken, all
university graduates, had studied
dancing but were not fully trained
when they began creating dances
and were hardly intending to make
dance their career.

Today they are professionals.
"These men can really dance," de-
clared one of the critics who first
saw them. They create their own
works, which they often give
names taken from zoology, botany,
biology.

Their performances — a mixture
of gymnastics, acrobatics and
dance forms — has been described
as "human sculptures."

The "New York Times" called it
"a blending of humour and guts."
The leading dance publication,
"Dance Magazine" (New York),
wrote of their movements as "a
hypnotic kaleidoscope of shifting
forms" and of the dance as "a
knockout."

Poor music, wrong hall

Music Review

The Israel Chamber Ensemble, Gary
Berlind, conductor; Gila Yaron, soprano;
Willy Haparnas, baritone; Emanuel Sa-
rak, violin; Gad Levitak & Zvi Libshitz,
violas; Semadar Shazar, oboe; Notska
Nishida, flute; Valeri Malitsky, harpsi-
chord & organ; Naomi Lifshitz-Easch,
cello (continuo). — (Beyond Haomah,
September 15). All-Bach programme: Sis-
tola from Gustav Nos. 301 & 302; Con-
certo for Flute, Violin, Harpsichord &
Orch., BWV 1044; Brandenburg Concerto
No. 5; Cantata No. 32.

A CONCERT with a programme
appealing to an audience of ap-
proximately 1,500 is faced with the
problem of finding a suitable hall
in Jerusalem. The Jerusalem Theatre
accommodates slightly over 900,
while Binyanei Haomah can hold
3,000. But to play in a half-empty
hall is conducive to the happiness
of neither the performers nor the
audience and acoustics are inclined
to be awful.

The electronic contraption looking
like a harmonium cannot replace the
sound of an organ; nor can the
harpsichord be saved even with the
help of amplification — the sound
emanating from this latter instru-
ment lacks character and sonority,
and its continuous tinkling be-
comes annoyingly monotonous after
a short time.

The only redeeming items on the
programme were the opening Sin-
fonias, where the ensemble developed
some satisfying tone balance and
quality. In the Concerto, excellent
violinist Emmanuel Barak and flutist
Notska Nishida had to subdue their
playing in order not to hide the
thin sound of the harpsichord, hardly
the way to bring music to life.
The same players in the Sixth
Brandenburg Concerto tried valiant-
ly to make chamber music but most
of it got lost in the vast space on
stage and the hall. Finally, the Can-
tata was well sung by Gila Yaron
and Willy Haparnas, but the text is
so disturbing to a secular non-Chris-
tian audience that much of the mu-
sic's impact was by-passed.

YOHANAN BOHEM

Bagrut results speeded up

By ERMIE MEYER

This time last year, high school
pupils were still in suspense about
the results of the bagrut examina-
tions which they took in June and
July. This year 85 per cent of
students have already received their
results and can start planning ahead.
The speed-up is the result of the
Centralized Checking System intro-
duced by the Education Ministry this
year. Instead of mailing the papers
to teachers for leisurely checking at
home, the teachers are now brought
to the papers. This takes place at
four centres (Jerusalem, Haifa, Ra-
mat Gan and Beerseba).

All English and Bible papers are
read in Jerusalem, most science sub-
jects at the Haifa Technion. Check-
ing about 40 papers a day, the 260
examiners get the work done fast,
reducing the waiting time for stu-
dents from months to weeks.

Eldad Avidar, head of the Educa-
tion Ministry's Examinations Depart-
ment, told newsmen at Beit Agron
this week that about half the papers
of the country's 60,000 bagrut stu-
dents had been handled at the new
centres. Since the method has now
fully proved itself it will be extend-
ed to all subjects in the future, he
said. Actual checking takes four to
ten days. The rest of the time is
taken up by computerized processing
of results, he added.

The failure rate in English has
gone down from 22.4 per cent last
year to 15.9 per cent this year. This
is in part attributed to the shift in
emphasis away from literature to
the spoken language and to the fact
that students this year were permit-
ted to take English-English dic-
tionaries (Hornby) into the exams
he said.

The flunking rate in mathematics
went down from 35.4 to 14.5 per
cent, Dr. Ronen said.



This lady's attire (or lack of it) arouses little interest among passers-by in "What do you say to a naked lady?" now playing at the Mograbi Cinema in Tel Aviv.

FASCINATING INSIGHT

At the cinema

American TV director Allen Funt
has extended his well known "can-
did camera" programme to the ci-
nema in WHAT DO YOU SAY TO
A NAKED LADY (Mograbi, Tel
Aviv).

It took United Artists here nearly
three years to get this astonish-
ingly frank documentary on sex past
the local censor, but in fact there
is really nothing pornographic or
offensive in what is Funt's first
feature film.

The well-made piece opens with a
lady naked except for a hat waiting
for an elevator and the confused
reactions of sundry unsuspecting
men to this situation. Later we see
a woman wearing only a brassiere
and panties walking down a crowd-
ed street and asking male passers-by
to kiss her (surprisingly, her attire
arouses little interest among pedes-
trians). In another scene a woman
in the buff is lecturing on sex to
different audiences: young students
of both sexes take her nudity in
their stride, but four well-heeled
matrons are clearly embarrassed.
Several scenes also feature naked
men.

Interspersed with these episodes
are the comments of a studio au-
dience — watching the production,
as well as interviews — some of
them by Funt himself — with the
public on such subjects as "how do
birds do it?", "sex before marriage"
and "who is a prostitute?" At times
the film recalls Woody Allen's
"Everything You Want to Know
About Sex," now on general release
in Israel.

Though the whole thing is treated
in a light-hearted manner and is
often very amusing and full of
originality, it nevertheless also gives
one a fascinating insight into hu-
man nature.

And during one or two silly or
rather boring sections, there are al-
ways Steve Karmen's catchy and
entertaining tunes and lyrics, not-
ably the title song plus "Rape is
not as easy as it looks" and "Love
is so pure when you're just a kid."
Worth a visit. J.L.

of simpering and wimpering expres-
sions she conjures up contrast feel-
ings with her performance in "Straw
Dogs," when she exuded sex and
served as a perfect foil to Peckin-
pah's hymn to violence.
"Fright" director Peter Collinson
doesn't manage to create a convinc-
ing atmosphere of horror. He relies
heavily on devices such as leaky
faucets and faces at the window
(settling off Miss George's piercing
cries) which would not normally
bother a healthy young babysitter.
GREGOR

DOG OWNERS!

OUR NEW SCHEME FOR
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ITZHAK NAVON, M.K.

who will speak on

25 Years of Statehood

and Aliya from Latin America

will be held at Rebecca Sieff Centre,
38 Sd. David Hamelech, Tel Aviv,
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Isn't it ABSURD

hat immigration from Western countries be encouraged
a the one hand, but recognition of the religious rights
f the Reform and Conservative Jews from those countries
e denied?

ur Prime Minister has refused to place on the Cabinet
agenda even a discussion of a bill introduced by Minister
losho Kol that would grant non-orthodox Rabbis the
ight to perform marriages in Israel.

END this narrow intolerance!!!

END the coalition's fear of and depend-
ence on the Religious bloc and
religious terror.

THINK ABOUT IT.

VOTE



INDEPENDENT
LIBERAL PARTY

Eighth Knesset Central Elections Committee Submission of Lists of Candidates to the Eighth Knesset

In accordance with paragraph 57 (Tet) of the Knesset Elections Law
(consolidated version) 5729/1969 and amendment 13 of the Knesset
Elections amendments 5733/1973, notice is hereby given that lists of
candidates for the Eighth Knesset should be submitted to the chairman
of the Central Committee at its office in the Knesset building, Jerusalem,
at the following times:

Monday, Sept. 24, 1973, 10 a.m.-12 noon, 4-6 p.m.

Tuesday, Sept. 25, 1973, 10 a.m.-12 noon, 5-7 p.m.

You've heard the rest—all the same tired politicians

Now come and hear

RABBI MEIR KAHANE

Thursday, Sept. 20, at Z.O.A. House, Rehov Ibn Gvirol and
Rehov Frish, Tel Aviv.

6.00 p.m., SHARP, in English

8.00 p.m. in Hebrew

If Israel is not quite the Jewish State you thought it would be,
come and hear Rabbi Kahane explain what the freshest political
party in Israel intends to do about it, as he speaks on:

"The Dream Was Not That of Hebrew-Speaking
Gentiles."

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Kahane to the Knesset — Vote "Haliga"



(If you would like to be active in the campaign, call Tel. 03-286543
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PREFERENTIAL TREATMENT, NOT DISCRIMINATION UNDERPOPULATED CLASSROOMS, NOT OVERCROWDED CLASSROOMS

Facts about the policy of the Municipality in State Religious Education

WE TREAT ALL THE CHILDREN OF JERUSALEM EQUALLY!

The Municipality of Jerusalem has undertaken to provide
equal services to the State General and the State Religious
school systems.

| | |
|---|--|
| State Religious School System 9,200 pupils | State General School System 17,500 pupils |
| 90% more pupils in the State General School System | |

| | |
|---|------------|
| 24 schools | 30 schools |
| only 25% more schools in the State General School System | |

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| 340 new classrooms | 535 new classrooms |
| only about 57% more were built for the State General School System | |

| | |
|---|--|
| average number of pupils per class — 27 | average number of pupils per class — 35 |
| it costs the Municipality at least 20% more to give a child a State Religious education than to give him a State General education | |

CAN THIS BE CALLED DISCRIMINATION?

The people who are demonstrating for the reconstruction of one more State
Religious School in the Kiryat Shmuel and Rasseo neighbourhoods are mistaken
and misled others. They are using discrimination as a rallying cry when
the facts refute this accusation. In spite of our conviction that our way is just
and fair, we have agreed to a new investigation and we turn to the parents
of the pupils to act in a similar manner.

Parents of State Religious School pupils in the Kiryat Shmuel
and Rasseo neighbourhoods—Send your children back to the
integrated schools in your neighbourhood!

Jerusalem Parents — An integrated school serves a unified
city and a unified people.



MUNICIPALITY OF JERUSALEM
DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION AND PUBLIC RELATIONS

A CONFIDENT HUSSEIN

KING Hussein's decision to give amnesty to the political prisoners and terrorists in Jordan's jails must be taken as a sign of strength.

While he was perhaps encouraged by Egypt's President Sadat and Syria's President Assad at the recent three-way summit in Cairo to make some kind of gesture towards the Palestinians, it is more than doubtful that he took the step under any kind of pressure. For at a time when hundreds of political prisoners languish in Egyptian and Syrian jails, neither Sadat nor Assad were in any position to press Hussein on this issue. On the contrary, most people in the Arab world would find it easier to justify Hussein's incarceration of terrorists than the penal colonies in Egypt or Syria.

Moreover, since Hussein rejected terrorist demands to release his prisoners, even under the stress of hijackings, it is unlikely that he would allow himself to be cowed by Sadat or Assad.

Rather what appears to be the case is that the King decided such a move would redound to his advantage in a number of ways.

Firstly, he took the wind out of the terrorists' sails. They were busy attacking the three-way agreement, with Jordan the principal target of their propaganda campaign. Thus on the very day that this campaign was most fierce — the third anniversary of the Jordan crackdown against the terrorists — Hussein announced the amnesty.

His decision strips the ter-

rorists of their propaganda weaponry which focused on the fact that Hussein kept their comrades in jail. He sought to expose their argument that they cannot act against Israel because their primary effort must be directed toward freeing their fellows in Jordan. And he sought as well to demonstrate to Kuwait and especially Saudi Arabia, which pump money into Fatah coffers, that the terrorist actions against the Saudi embassies in Khartoum and Paris were only ostensibly aimed to free those held in Jordan. The real motivation was anti-Saudi radicalism. Certainly if the terrorists try another such action, the proof will be there.

On the West Bank and in Gaza, the amnesty has been accepted as a gesture of good will toward the Palestinians. But no one believes that the terrorists will lay down their cudgels.

The terrorists are committed to toppling Hussein. They contest the King's right to represent the Palestinians, and there is little room for compromise here.

Moreover, since they cannot mount any meaningful attack against Israel in or from the territories, it is their anti-Jordan posture which provides a substitute rallying cry. King Hussein knows he has taken some risk, for opening the jails will increase the forces of subversion. But it is a measure of his confidence in himself that he now feels he can cope with such a risk.

Readers' letters

Extending free education

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: — Yosef Rifa warns that extending the Compulsory Education Law may hurt rather than help disadvantaged children (September 8). It would hold in the classroom, by force of law, many young people who have neither the wish to remain in school nor the ability to benefit from further formal schooling. At the same time it would make it illegal for these youngsters to start an apprentice employment programme until after age 15, at which time they often prefer more remunerative unskilled work, thereby effectively trapping themselves in the lowest levels of the employment world.

This view may come as a shock to those who see the compulsory continuation of education as an unmitigated blessing for all children. But Mr. Rifa obviously knows what he is talking about. On the other hand, additional education should certainly be made available to any child who wants to try to benefit from it. And it should be made attractive to his family.

I would like to suggest that the linkage, Compulsory education — Free education, be broken up. Why not extend free education without making it compulsory? Let not the cost be a factor in the termination of any child's schooling. The graded fee system is supposed to take care of this, but it doesn't. There are many families whose incomes are well above anything that would entitle them to a reduction in school fees, for whom nevertheless the cost of keeping one or more children in high school (tuition fees, books, uniforms, school outings, supplies, etc.) represents a considerable financial sacrifice, and a noticeable lowering

of the standard of living for the whole family. For a less fortunate family, even "free" education can involve considerable financial sacrifice. Unfortunately, it is usually members of the disadvantaged groups who are unwilling to make such sacrifices for the sake of a child's education. These same families however, might consider it silly not to accept something valuable that was offered free. I emphasize the offered, because that makes its appeal vastly different from something forced (like castor oil for your own good).

The offer of free, but not compulsory, high school would continue to enable those youngsters who are unwilling or unable to continue in the classroom to enter apprentice programmes at age 15. And, even if some chose to do nothing for a while, it would not automatically put them in the category of lawbreakers, thereby making them more susceptible to underworld influence.

With the money saved by this plan, I would suggest providing free books, uniforms, lunches, and school outings, for all those who continue for the optional free year. In addition to the attraction of the benefits of educational and cultural activities for all families, the poorer families (and many not so poor) would be financially attracted by the advantage of free uniforms, books, lunches etc. without having to get themselves on special "needy" lists. And, for the really poor, there would be an end to the embarrassment of having to ask for favours from the teacher, or for an extra grant from the social worker before every school outing.

Rahovot, September 5. S.M. GUR

Newton's law in buses

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: — With reference to Dr. Peretz' letter about the laws of physics (September 7) both he and Mr. Friedler are right, with the difference that Mr. Friedler bases himself on observable facts while Dr. Peretz either has not had occasion to observe such facts or has failed to believe his own senses in deference to a mistaken interpretation of Newton.

Passengers are indeed forced forward, acted upon by inertia, while breaking is in progress. But the initiation of braking takes some time, however short: the driver depresses his pedal comparatively gradually, and only in an emergency does he slam it down; the pressure in the brake lines takes some time to build up; there is some resistance in the tires and suspension. This split-second delay is sufficient for passengers to brace themselves against whatever they are leaning on, or to increase their pull on whatever they are hanging onto, as to case may be. A free-standing passenger will shift most of his weight

on to his forward leg. However, the instant the vehicle comes to a standstill, the forward-acting inertia collapses abruptly, and passengers are indeed thrown rearward — not by inertia but by the force of their own muscles which cannot relax quickly enough, this being, of course, another application of Newton's law: the time in the form of acceleration from rest. The process is assisted by the rebound of the springs following the nose-down trim of the vehicle during braking — both easily observable and readily explained.

No comment is offered as to whether drivers do this intentionally, but assuming the answer to be in the negative, a simple remedy is to ease up on the brakes a few metres before the vehicle comes to a standstill, and in some countries even train-drivers are enjoined to practise this consideration which makes a considerable difference in riding comfort.

E. BRAILOWSKY
Tel Aviv, September 7.

KORCZAK AND HIS CHILDREN

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: — In your issue of August 17, you published a report on the production of the film "The Martyr", that deals with the last 15 days in the life of Janusz Korczak.

Ten years ago, Mr. Brauner commissioned me to write a screenplay to serve as the central theme in a saga of the Warsaw ghetto. This screenplay was submitted to the German Ministry of the Interior by Mr. Brauner's Film Company, COC-Film, Berlin, and on December 13, 1968, was awarded one of the prizes given annually to distinguished screenplays. Its name was "Korczak and his children" and the award carried my name as the sole author of the screenplay. To the best of my knowledge, it was this screenplay which formed subsequently the basis for the planned co-production with Film Poleski. Besides, the award went with a subsidy of D.M.200,000 for the producer.

Alexander Harman was never mentioned as the author. The need for adapting the screenplay later to changed production conditions is quite another matter.

S. BENDKOWER
Zurich, August 30.

PEN FRIENDS

MICHAEL GOLDSTEIN (37), of 2025 West 22nd Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. 11224, is a train dispatcher who would like to have Israeli penfriends. He collects stamps and is interested in photography and world affairs.

ELECTRICAL ACCIDENTS

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: — While it is true that the high electrocution death rate in Israel is largely due to carelessness and ignorance on the part of the user, and incompetence and wilful negligence on the part of some electrical contractors, a significant portion of the blame must be placed on the manufacturers of electrical connectors, plugs and sockets.

First of all, the plastic used in most plugs and sockets is made of a brittle, weak material which cannot stand up to normal use. In addition, if a spark should occur in the plug (which happens from short circuits because the screws loosen up), the resulting flash chars the plastic, rendering it useless as an insulator (a critical task). Furthermore, the contacts within the plugs and sockets tend to loosen and even fall apart, so that intermittent or even complete loss of power occurs. If it is the ground lead that is disconnected, the results can be tragic.

TREVOE DAVIS
Asseret, September 5.

TRAVEL TAX

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: — With regard to Mr. Sapir's remark that no one has cancelled a trip because of the travel tax, I would like to point out to him that there are many people who have never even considered a trip abroad because of the travel tax. I would suggest that people who have reached the age of 60 and have never been abroad should be entitled to exemption from the tax. This would show that this is really a government for the working class.

G. ASSELMAN
Givatayim, September 3.

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AMITY — French President Pompidou and Chinese Premier Chou En-lai.

Pompidou brings cordiality with Peking to new heights

Jack Maurice
Paris

PRESIDENT George Pompidou's week-long visit to China fits brilliantly into the pattern set by French diplomacy of maintaining excellent relations with countries even when they are at loggerheads both politically and ideologically.

Pompidou's Chinese hosts spent most of their time warning him that the Soviet Union is as dangerous a threat to Western Europe as to China. But the six-page communiqué marking the end of the visit does not contain any reference to the antagonism between Peking and Moscow. It simply declares that "both parties are opposed to any type of hegemony." The communiqué adds that a country's affairs must be settled "in conformity with the principles of national independence."

Pompidou reminded the Chinese that France stands firm on its adherence to friendly relations with the Soviet Union and, to that effect, insisted on stating in the communiqué: "Within the framework of loyalty to its alliances, France pursues a policy aiming at relaxing tensions and of agreement and co-operation with all peoples of the

continent."

This emphasis on equality between nations, respect for national sovereignty and non-intervention in other countries' affairs confirm the principles enshrined in the Bandung Charter to which Premier Chou En-lai paid tribute in his first toast to Pompidou. But Pompidou took care to write in assurances to both the Soviet Union and the United States that France is not giving up her traditional allies in favour of her new courtship of China.

Another point of disagreement highlighted by the communiqué is over Cambodia. China reaffirms its support for Norodom Sihanouk, the sole legal ruler, while France merely calls for a settlement of Cambodia's problems without foreign interference.

Trade between China and France does not appear to have received any fillip from Pompidou's visit. The French President has returned to

Paris without any confirm the Chinese options on the supersonic airliner.

However, Pompidou can take satisfaction from the fact that now on personal terms Chinese leader, no measure at a time when the key to international

The warmth of the masses' response to Pompidou's visit is a spectacle which will leave its mark in memory.

At a time when France tests are arousing the h the developing countries friendship is particularly to Pompidou in maintaining relations with them.

For the Chinese, the enabled them at last to genuine friendly ties with country. Their relations United States are still the aftermath of the Vietnam conflict. So France is cast-voled role by the Chi

Both countries have to consider that, in the their commune, Pompidou was "in their mutual

Kremlin split over Brezhnev's policy of rapprochement with the West

K. C. Thaler
London

KREMLIN leaders have split over the policy of conciliation with the U.S., according to East European sources. The rift is over the merits of party secretary Leonid Brezhnev's policy of rapprochement with the West.

Hardliners fear it will undermine Soviet society, heighten outside pressures for liberalization and weaken the regime's controls at home and in allied Communist countries.

Latest events involving dissidents and their appeals for help to Western Governments, as well as growing pressures from abroad for freer contacts across the Iron Curtain, have hardened the hardliners' opposition, the sources said. Brezhnev was said to be standing by his policy and by his accords with the U.S. and the agreements with West Germany. His backers were reported to be prompted by the realization that there is no alternative for Moscow to the new policy of East-West rapprochement.

American cooperation, with its technological know-how, is held to be vital if Russia is to narrow the already deep gap between it and Western economies. Agricultural crises also necessitate closer co-operation with the capitalist world, the sources cautiously conceded. But the opponents argue the price is too high for Moscow to pay, and above all is far too risky from the

regime's point of view. The Communist Party's chief theoretician, Mikhail Suslov, sounded the warning at a party meeting in Moscow that peaceful coexistence cannot apply to ideology which imposes strict curbs on freedom of political action.

The advocates of the Brezhnev line of détente are fighting back, arguing that international need not affect considerations home front. But the dissenters have been cast-voled role by the Chi

Some reports reaching quoted party representatives special meetings in that the policy of rapprochement device to enable Russia from the West's technol to grow stronger to defeat in the end.

(United Press Int)

Dry Bones



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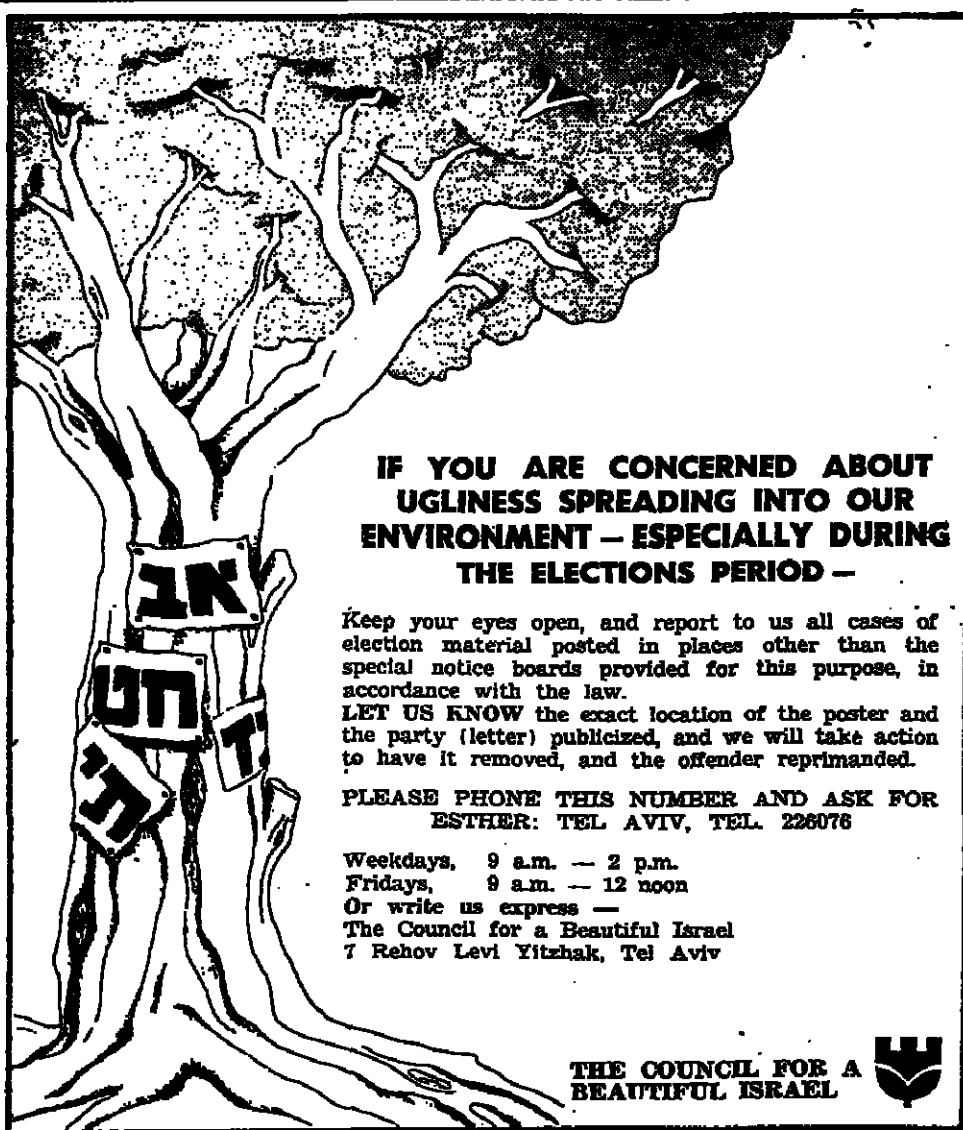
Amnesty in Amman

Al Hamishmar (Mapam) maintains that the amnesty Hussein has granted the terrorists, particularly their leaders, is the price he is paying for normalization of relations with Egypt and Syria. "One may assume that he gave his agreement not out of a sense of weakness but rather of confidence in his strength and in the stability of his regime. He is also apparently trying to normalize relations with the terror organizations, but the question now is whether he will be able to put a curb on their activities on and from Jordanian territory."

Ha'aretz (non-party), discussing the U.S. attitude to solving a Middle East solution in the context of Kissinger's appointment to the State Department, notes that although the joint statement issued by Nixon and Brezhnev last June said that any solution to the Israel-Arab conflict must "take into consideration the legitimate interests of the Palestinian people," this departure from the Resolution 242 for-

mula of "a just solution to the refugee problem" does not appear to signal a change in the U.S. attitude. Washington apparently does not interpret the June 1973 statement as the official American consent to the establishment of an independent Palestinian Arab state but still believes that "the legitimate interests of the Palestinian people can be expressed in the framework of the Jordanian view." This has always been Israel's stance and has been consistently conveyed to Washington.

Davar (Histadrut) comments on the difference between the two Germanys — the F.R.G., a democracy which, were it not for the cold war and the Soviet veto would long ago have been accepted by the U.N., and the D.D.R., a Communist dictatorship kept in power by Soviet bayonets, "whose membership of the U.N. has been made possible by Brandt's Ostpolitik and the Big Powers' policy of co-existence. Israel did well to make known through all possible channels her displeasure at the acceptance of the D.D.R."



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In Tomorrow's

THE JERUSALEM POST MAGAZINE

DAVID KRIVINE in the first of the three articles, into some of the country's leading politicians on the ec planks in their party platforms for Knesset elect

DAVID BERNSTEIN describes the impact of Israel's broadcasts in Arabic on a listening public stre from the Atlantic to the Indian Ocean.

HELENA DUDMAN recalls the fight waged by a Tel Aviv to make their city clean and livable.

Also in tomorrow's Magazine, special picture spreads o 3-day march and on the Israel Museum's photo exhibit of the International Triennale of Photography.

Read tomorrow's

THE JERUSALEM POST MAGAZINE

سكرا من الارض